

# **CURRICULUM, TRAINING AND ASSESSMENT GUIDE**

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## Purpose of Guide

This Guide is designed for SSG's Training Providers (TPs) and Adult Educators who are responsible for the design and delivery WSQ Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection under the Generic Manufacturing Skills (GMS) WSQ Framework. This Guide aims to provide essential curriculum, training and assessment design advisory information, to guide developers, trainers and assessment in the interpretation and translation of competency standards into training and assessment programme. The Guide also contains training and assessment requirements stipulated by industry, and WSQ accreditation information for compliance. It is divided into 2 parts:

**Part I** - Details specific recommendations and advice for programme developers of "Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection".

**Part II** - Provides a broad spectrum of information about WSQ and related components relevant to the "Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection" programme.

# **PART I**

## **WSQ**

### **Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection**

# CHAPTER 1: WSQ SUPERVISE METAL SCAFFOLD ERECTION

## 1.1 Overview

On completion of this unit, learners will have knowledge and skills in supervising scaffold erection and dismantling work activities in construction and other industries.

## 1.2 Key Features of WSQ Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection

The Performance Statements (PS) covered are:

- PS1. Set up and erect independent tied scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of CP14, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS2. Perform inspection and dismantling of independent tied scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of \*SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS3. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of frame scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of \*SS659, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS4. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of birdcage scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of \*SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS5. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of tubular tower scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of \*SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS6. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of aluminum tower scaffold and all round system scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of \*SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS7. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of cuplock system scaffold in accordance with the safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of \*SS659, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS8. Identify hazards and ensure safety of scaffold erection and dismantling

PS9. Record work in scaffold register and inspection checklists

\*SS 659:2020 Code of Practice for Scaffolds

### **Why this Course?**

The “Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection” course aims to provide learners with the knowledge and skills in supervising scaffold erection, inspection and dismantling work activities in construction and other related industries.

### **1.3 Importation of Elective Credits from Other WSQ Frameworks or Recognised Equivalents**

Not Applicable.

### **1.4 Target Audience**

2.4.1 The “Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection” is a mandatory WSH training course for all workers supervising scaffolding works in construction sites and related industries.

2.4.2 Learners are assumed to have:

- Successfully completed the Metal Scaffold Erection Course. Proof of entry requirement includes the submission of Certificate of Successful Completion or WSQ Certificate of Attainment (SOA).
- Employability Skills (ES) Workplace Literacy level 4 and above.
- Be able to manipulate numbers at a proficiency level equivalent to ES Workplace Numeracy level 4 and above.

### **1.5 Recommended Learning Hours (RLH)**

- RLH = 75 Hours (Training Hours: 69, Assessment Hours 6)
- The RLH takes into account the time required for direct learning activities. Direct learning is broadly defined as trainer/assessor-directed & involves purposeful instructions given to trainees to complete as part of instructional design of a structured facilitated training and assessment programme.

<b>Activity</b>	<b>Duration</b>	<b>Remarks</b>
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Facilitated Learning (Theory)	69 hours	Theory: 28 hours Practical: 39.5 hours Course evaluation/debrief: 1.5 hours
Assessment	6 hours	Written: 2 hours Practical: 4 hours

- Facilitated training and assessment
- E-learning<sup>1</sup> and assessment

## 1.6 Recommended Class Size, and Learner-Trainer Ratio

- Recommended Class Size: 12
- Trainer Learner ratio: 1: 12 (class room) 1:6 (Practical)
- Attendance Requirements: 100% for classroom and practical sessions

## 1.7 Recommended Assessor to Candidate Ratio

- Written Assessment: 1 : 12 (Class size)
- Practical Performance: 1 : 6 (exceeds 6 Learners, Assessor: Learner ratio is 2:12)

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<sup>1</sup> For E-learning to be considered as “directed learning”, the learning progress of trainees should be tracked via audit trail, progress reports, etc.



# CHAPTER 2: TYPES OF PROGRAMME

## 2.1 Programme Structure

3.1.1 This unit covers the following underpinning knowledge item which could be taught in the classroom via a combination of lectures, discussions and case-studies.

- UK1. Type of scaffold systems and their characteristics
- UK2. Criteria for selection of scaffolds
- UK3. Terminology used in scaffolds as well as its components and materials
- UK4. Tools, equipment and personal protective equipment used in scaffold activities
- UK5. Material requirement for scaffolds
- UK6. Work platform requirement for scaffolds
- UK7. Independent tied scaffold
- UK8. Frame scaffold- Characteristics and material requirement
- UK9. Material estimation
- UK10. Hazards Identification
- UK11. Characteristics and types of birdcage scaffold
- UK12. Requirement of ties and brace
- UK13. Tower scaffold -Characteristics and types
- UK14. Modular scaffolds and the systems
- UK15. Characteristics of suspended scaffold
- UK16. Special scaffold and its types
- UK17. WSH (Scaffolds) Regulations for scaffold activities and relevant case studies on scaffold incidents
- UK18. Scaffold register and inspection checklists
- UK19. Factors affecting safety of scaffold structure
- UK20. Hazards identifications and safety of scaffold erection and dismantling

2.1.2 The unit also covers the following Performance Statements: These would best be taught via a combination of **lecture, demonstrations and hands-on practice.**

- PS1. Set up and erect independent tied scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS 659, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS2. Perform inspection and dismantling of independent tied scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659 , WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS3. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of frame scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659 , WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS4. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of birdcage scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS5. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of tubular tower scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS6. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of aluminum tower scaffold and all round system scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS7. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of cuplock system scaffold in accordance with the safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations
- PS8. Identify hazards and ensure safety of scaffold erection and dismantling
- PS9. Record work in scaffold register and inspection checklists

# CHAPTER 3: KEY DELIVERY ADVICE

## 3.1 Content Coverage

In developing the programme for any “Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection” competency unit, TPs should always make cross references to the Performance Statements (PS), Underpinning Knowledge (UK), Range and Application and Evidence Sources sections as stipulated in the “Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection” National Competency Standard.

The components of the Competency Standard and the interpretations are briefly explained here.

For example,

*The Range and Application and Evidence Sources reference to the Performance statements and/or Underpinning Knowledge is usually accompanied by the instructions “may include” or “must include”:*

### **“May include”**

- *Indicates that training providers are required to cover some (to indicate percentage if relevant) of the suggested Range and Application items listed when developing the “Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection” programme.*
- *The training provider may choose to add more Range and Application items related to the corresponding Performance Statements and/or Underpinning Knowledge as part of their “Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection” programme development.*

### **“Must include”**

- *Indicates that training providers are required to cover all of Range and Application items listed when developing courseware.*
- *The training provider may choose to add more Range and Application items related to the corresponding Performance Statements and/or Underpinning Knowledge as part of their “Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection” programme development.*

## 3.2 Sequence of Coverage

The following sequence is recommended:

<b>Lesson No.</b>	<b>Content</b>	<b>Instructional Mode</b>	<b>Duration (Hours)</b>
Day 1	UK1. Type of scaffold systems and their characteristics UK2. Criteria for selection of scaffolds UK3. Terminology used in scaffolds as well as its components and materials UK4. Tools, equipment and personal protective equipment used in scaffold activities	Theory	3.5
	PS1. Set up and erect independent tied scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations	Practical	4.0
Day 2	UK5. Material requirement for scaffolds UK6. Work platform requirement for scaffolds UK7. Independent tied scaffold	Theory	3.5
	PS2. Perform inspection and dismantling of independent tied scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations	Practical	4.0
Day 3	UK8. Frame scaffold- Characteristics and material requirement UK9. Material estimation UK10. Hazards Identification	Theory	3.5
	PS3. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of frame scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations	Practical	4.0
Day 4	UK11. Characteristics and types of birdcage scaffold UK12. Requirement of ties and brace	Theory	3.0
	PS4. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of birdcage scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations	Practical	4.5
	UK13. Tower scaffold -Characteristics and types UK14. Modular scaffolds and the systems	Theory	3.5

Day 5	PS5. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of tubular tower scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations	Practical	4.0
Day 6	UK15. Characteristics of suspended scaffold UK16. Special scaffold and its types	Theory	2.5
	PS6. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of aluminum tower scaffold and all round system scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations	Practical	5.0
Day 7	UK17. WSH (Scaffolds) Regulations for scaffold activities and relevant case studies on scaffold incidents	Theory	3.5
	PS7. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of cuplock system scaffold in accordance with the safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations	Practical	4.0
Day 8	UK18. Scaffold register and inspection checklists	Theory	2.5
	PS9. Record work in scaffold register and inspection checklists	Practical	5.0
Day 9	UK19. Factors affecting safety of scaffold structure	Theory	2.5
	PS8. Identify *hazards and ensure safety of scaffold erection and dismantling	Practical	5.0
Day 10	<u>Assessment, debrief and course evaluation</u>		
	Written Assessment	Theory	2.0
	Debrief and course evaluation		1.5
	Practical Assessment	Practical	4.0
<b>Total</b>			<b>75</b>

\*The Risk Assessment process should consider the management of infectious disease outbreak, employees' health (including mental well-being) and terrorist threats. Training Provider should take reference from the 3rd revision of the Code of Practice on Risk Management.

## Range of Application

***The range of application of this unit must include but not limited to the following:***

*Scaffold systems* must include but not limited to:

- Frame scaffold
- Birdcage scaffold
- Tubular tower scaffold
- Independent tied scaffold
- Modular scaffold
- Suspended Scaffold
- Special Scaffold (inclusive of Aluminum tower and all round system scaffold)
- Cuplok system scaffold

*Requirement* for scaffolds must include but not limited to:

- Material requirement for scaffolds
- Frame scaffold

- Independent tied scaffolds
- Birdcage scaffold
- Tubular tower scaffold
- Modular scaffold
- Suspended Scaffold
- Special Scaffold (inclusive of Aluminum tower and all round system scaffold)
- Cuplok system scaffold

*Hazard Identification* must include but not limited to:

- Hazards identifications and safety of scaffold erection and dismantling

*Characteristics and types of scaffold components* must include but not limited to

- Birdcage scaffold
- Tower scaffold
- Modular scaffold and the systems
- Suspended scaffold
- Special Scaffold (inclusive of Aluminum tower and all round system scaffold)
- Independent tied scaffold
- Cuplock system scaffold
- Frame scaffold

*Safe work practices and regulatory requirement* must include but not limited to:

- Safe work procedures
- Workplace Safety and Health Act
- WSH ACOP: Code of Practice for Working Safely at Heights
- WSH (Risk Management) Regulations
- WSH (Work at Heights) Regulations
- WSH (Work at Heights) (Amendment) Regulations
- WSH (Construction) Regulations
- WSH (Scaffolds) Regulations
- CP14: Code of Practice for Scaffolds
- Relevant case studies on scaffold incidents

### 3.3 Recommended Learning Strategies and Methods

3.3.1 Curriculum developers are recommended to adopt the following structure for thinking about and planning a learning strategy:

- Summarise the learning strategy
- In this learning strategy, what learning principles are being applied?
- What learning theories or learning design theories underpin this strategy?
- How will this strategy resolve the identified learning problems? What is it about the learning strategy that will cause people to change in a way that resolves the learning problem?
- How would you describe the experience that learners will go through? How will this experience support their learning?
- What methods or tactics are most likely to be used to support this strategy?
- How will interface and media support this strategy?
- How will this strategy engage learners' interests?
- How will this strategy assess learners' progress or increased competence?

(Extracted from [www.networked-learning.com](http://www.networked-learning.com), accessed 19 Sep 2010)

3.3.2 An example of instructional strategy selection for cognitive, affective and psychomotor domains is given in **Annex A**.

3.3.3 A non-exhaustive list of recommended delivery methods is provided below.

- Demonstration
- Practice
- Observation
- Lectures
- Role play
- Group Discussion
- Written Exercise
- Case Study
- Workplace Practice
- Presentation
- Action Learning

- Coaching / Mentoring
- 3.3.4 Where relevant and appropriate, the learning activities for the unit should be designed to shape or cultivate the expected attitudes of the candidates and to prepare them for their role in the sector.
- 3.3.5 To enhance the transfer of learning, an andragogical or adult-learning approach to learning is encouraged in the development and delivery of the Competency Unit. Andragogical instructional techniques are designed with these factors in mind:
- Adults are self-directed
  - Adults have acquired knowledge and experience through the workplace that can be utilised as a resource for learning
  - Adults show a greater readiness to learn tasks that are relevant to their work roles
  - Adults are motivated to learn in order to solve problems and address needs
  - Adults expect to be able to apply what they learn
  - Adults need to be challenged with varied strategies that maintain interest
- 3.3.6 This unit may be delivered in a combination of simulated environment and off-the-job.
- Content relating to underpinning knowledge and principles may be delivered off-the-job. Off-the-job delivery can be face-to-face in the classroom in a training organisation, or at a workplace venue. Classroom delivery should be interactive and learner-centred, using a range of activities and instructional methods.
  - The practical aspects of the Competency Unit, however, should be delivered in simulated workplace settings.
- 3.3.7 All training delivery should be related to the normal work process and every effort should be made to link the acquisition and application of the knowledge, skills and attitudes to the workplace.
- 3.3.8 Suggestions for delivery of this Competency Unit are given below:



Competency	Instructional Methods	Remarks
Underpinning Knowledge	Lectures, discussions, case studies, problem-based learning, videos, e- learning resources	<p>The knowledge component of this course is primarily focused on the requirements of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Type of scaffold systems and their characteristics</li> <li>• Criteria for selection of scaffolds</li> <li>• Terminology used in scaffolds as well as its components and materials</li> <li>• Tools, equipment and personal protective equipment used in scaffold activities</li> <li>• Material requirement for scaffolds</li> <li>• Work platform requirement for scaffolds</li> <li>• Independent tied scaffold</li> <li>• Frame scaffold- Characteristics and material requirement</li> <li>• Material estimation</li> <li>• Hazards Identification</li> <li>• Characteristics and types of birdcage scaffold</li> <li>• Requirement of ties and brace</li> <li>• Tower scaffold -Characteristics and types</li> <li>• Modular scaffolds and the systems</li> <li>• Characteristics of suspended scaffold</li> <li>• Special scaffold and its types</li> <li>• WSH (Scaffolds) Regulations for scaffold activities and relevant case studies on scaffold incidents</li> <li>• Scaffold register and inspection checklists</li> <li>• Factors affecting safety of scaffold structure</li> <li>• Hazards identifications and safety of</li> </ul>

Performance Statements	Lectures, demonstrations, practice	<p>The demonstration and practice may include the following key skills:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Set up and erect independent tied scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations</li> <li>• Perform inspection and dismantling of independent tied scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations</li> <li>• Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of frame scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations</li> <li>• Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of birdcage scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations</li> <li>• Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of tubular tower scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations</li> <li>• Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of aluminium tower scaffold and all round system scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations</li> <li>• Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of cuplock system scaffold in accordance with the safe work procedures, general principles and</li> </ul>
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Attributes	Discussions, modelling, sharing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify hazards and ensure safety of scaffold erection and dismantling</li> <li>• Record work in scaffold register and inspection checklists</li> </ul> <p>A competent construction worker must have a sense of “safety awareness” and is expected to take personal responsibility for his own safety as well as look out for the safety of his co-workers</p>
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### 3.4 Trainer’s Guide and Learner’s Guide and Handouts

3.4.1 The TP is required to prepare a trainer’s guide for the course. The guide provides the trainer with information on the course including:

- Course aim
- Learning objectives
- Target audience
- Assumed skills and knowledge
- Course duration
- Class size and trainer /Learner ratio
- Lesson plan
- Course contents and instructional materials according to the course requirements
- Training methodologies
- Training resource requirements
- Course administration instruction

3.4.2 The TP shall also facilitate the learning process by providing each learner with a learners’ workbook/handouts to summarise (with illustrations, where possible) key learning points of all the topics covered in the syllabus. This may be in the form of drawings/illustrations rather than words.

3.4.3 The TP is required to submit a cross reference matrix (see **Annex B**) to show that the courseware submitted is aligned to the requirements of the competency standard.

- 3.4.4 The TP is to ensure that materials used for the training does not infringe on patent, design, copyright and intellectual property rights.
- 3.4.5 The TP shall maintain a version control of updates made to the course materials for verification by the relevant authorities.

### 3.5 Training Resources

#### 3.5.1 Training Requirements:

- Training site emergency evacuation route – to be briefed at start of course
- Training SOP must be available before the conduct of the course
- Photos/slides of the various types of marine-related hazards (biological, fire, explosives, working at height, chemicals, mechanical, electrical, radiation and gas)
- Local case studies, where possible, relating to incidents/accidents in the marine industry
- Appropriate and relevant PPEs and relevant and appropriate equipment for classroom demonstration shall be made available during the course

#### 3.5.2 Practical Training Requirements:

- Scaffold equipment, materials and accessories and setup shall be designed to simulate realistic practical demonstrations.

#### 3.5.3 Total WSH Presentation Slides

- Total WSH presentation slides will be issued upon approval of the Training Provider.
- The materials are provided strictly for the explicit use and guidance of training providers for the conduct of this course.

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#### 3.5.4 Training Provider Requirements

Training Providers are required to fulfill the following requirements:

- ISO 29993 certification;
- bizSAFE Level 3 certification;
- Blended learning
  - Have developed an SOP to conduct online training and assessment (with online proctoring for supervisor and above courses) when required to do so.

- For each WSH course, the Training Provider must have at least:
  - a. 1 full time Principal/Director;
  - b. 1 full time WSH Approved Adult Educator/ Trainer/Facilitators for each WSH course; and
  - c. 2 approved full time/associate Adult Educator/ Trainer/Facilitators for each of the language.

Training Providers are to inform the WSH Council when they withdraw their training provider status for any WSH course(s), or have their status suspended or terminated by any authority.

Training Providers are to comply with the instruction by either (i) SkillsFuture Singapore (SSG), Ministry of Manpower (MOM) or the WSH Council to stop conducting any WSH Course(s) when an investigation is ongoing, or a non-compliance is being verified. Further actions would be taken when fraudulent acts or significant non-compliances are established.

### **3.6 Training Venue Requirements**

- 3.6.1 TP is required to be equipped with sufficient and relevant practical training equipment such as scaffold materials and accessories, PPEs, fire fighting equipment etc.
- 3.6.2 For the theory training, this is to be conducted in a classroom with supporting training slides, videos, local case studies on incidents and accidents at the yards, and where possible, actual equipment/PPEs to enhance learning.
- 3.6.3 TP shall ensure the classroom has adequate chairs and writing tables to be comfortably spaced for a class of up to 18 Learners for conduciveness to the learning process. There must also be adequate land space to comfortably conduct the practical training and assessment safely. A time device e.g. clock, lightings and ventilation must be adequate for classroom instruction. Emergency exit routes must be clearly marked out and briefed to the course Learners at the start of the course. Necessary equipment such as projectors, multimedia player, whiteboards, flipcharts and any other equipment essential for instruction purpose must be made available.
- 3.6.4 TP is to adhere to the conditions stipulated in the CTAG Part I and Part II at all times, where applicable. Adequate safety control measures must be undertaken to ensure the safety of the learners and trainers during the conduct of the course/training at all times.

- 3.6.5 In the event, where the TP wishes to conduct its WSH theory course(s) at a venue, other than the approved Training Venue, the TP must inform the CB, which had certified its WSH course(s) at the approved Training Venue/s, of its intent to effect such a change, and it must also demonstrate to the CB that:
- (a) It has an approved Training Venue at the registered address;
  - (b) That the proposed venue is conducive for learning; and
  - (c) That there are no safety and health concerns in relation to the proposed venue/s.
- 3.6.6 The TP may conduct its WSH theory course(s) at a venue other than the approved Training Venue/s only after obtaining the CB's approval. The requirements stated in para. 3.6.5 shall apply to a TP for single and multiple usage
- 3.6.7 Where the CB has granted approval to the TP to conduct the WSH theory course(s) at an alternate venue, the TP must ensure that:
- a) All training and assessment records are kept by the TP, for courses conducted, at the alternate venue. Such records shall include the following documents:
    - i. Photographs of the alternate venue;
    - ii. Photographs of the WSH theory course(s) being conducted at the alternate venue;
    - iii. Layout plan of the alternate venue; and
    - iv. Leasing documents;
  - b) The records mentioned in (a) above, are continually updated;
  - c) The alternate venue is only used for the conduct of WSH theory course(s). No practical training/assessment shall be allowed at the alternate venue, unless approval has been granted by the Authorities; and
  - d) The alternate venue is not occupied and or used by another TP or WSH approved training provider at any time.
- 3.6.8 The TP must ensure that all Training Venues (including alternate venues) have been approved by the Urban Redevelopment Authority (URA) or the Housing & Development Board ("HDB"), either as a Commercial School (theory based only) or for Industrial Training (theory and practical), before it applies to be certified by the CB.
- Note: Tenancy agreement (e.g. from JTC Corporation or other Developers) does not constitute a URA approval. Only correspondence with letterheads bearing the office of the relevant government authorities granting the approval shall be recognised. The requirement shall not apply to TP who is applying for a one-off use of the theory training premises.

3.6.9 The TP is to note that a CB’s approval of any practical training venue is conditioned upon its safe and adequacy of the training facilities and equipment. The TP shall comply with all relevant legislations including but not limited to legislations involving land use, building, fire and safety.

## CHAPTER 4: KEY ASSESSMENT ADVICE

This chapter describes the following components:

A description on the general guidelines and requirements for conducting assessment is given in the reference WSQ resource websites in Part II of this document.

### 4.1 Recommended Assessment Strategies and Methods

5.1.1 There shall be a 2-hour written and a 4-hour practical assessment at the end of the course.

S/N	Assessment Activity	Method/Format	Duration (12 pax)
1	Written Assessment (Closed book) - individual	Section A – 30 MCQs Section B– Fill in the Blanks, Short/Long Questions	2 hours
2	Practical Assessment - groups	Demonstration of skills by working in groups	4 hours
<b>Total Assessment Time</b>			<b>6 hours</b>

### 4.2 Industry Requirements

- The learner must pass **BOTH** written and practical assessments in order to be issued with the certificate of successful completion. Failure to pass either of the assessments shall render a “Not Yet Competent” outcome for the Learner and he must then re-attempt the course and assessments.
- MOM\WSH Council officers shall conduct audits with or without notice on WSQ WSH TPs.
- To facilitate marking of the assessment papers, TPs shall install the Automated Marking System (AMS) and its associated hardware.
- The TP personnel who is authorised to use the AMS to scan and mark the test via AMS must also ensure that the assessment results are updated in SSG’s Skills

Connect system.

- To facilitate uploading of the assessment results, TPs shall install the Automated Marking System (AMS) and its associated hardware.
- The TP personnel who is authorised to use the AMS must also ensure that the assessment results are updated in SSG's TPGateway.
- TPs are to upload the test results to MOM/ WSH Council no later than 5 calendar days after completion of the courses. All errors must be rectified within 24 hours for re-submission of the affected results to MOM/ WSH Council via WSH TRS. This is in addition to the uploading of assessment results to SSG via TPGateway
- Authorities (i.e. MOM/WSH Council) may request from TPs information on the course. TPs are to ensure that the information given to the Authorities are accurate and updated.

*Note: For system(s) or requirement(s) administered by the relevant authorities, i.e. MOM/WSH Council, the TP shall fulfil the requirements and follow up with the agencies accordingly.*

### **4.3 Assessment Instruments and Tools**

4.3.1 Assessments instruments and tools will be required to conduct the assessment planned. Examples of such templates include:

- An Evidence Sources Checklist to serve as a reporting snapshot of the types of evidence gathering that may be used.
- A Verbal Assessment Checklist to record answers to questions concerning Underpinning Knowledge if this is used as an alternative to written exercise.
- Written Assessment Checklists as an instrument for the recording of answers to questions concerning the performance statements and underpinning knowledge.
- A Recording and Reporting Assessment Table Format as an instrument for the concise recording of competency and re-assessment information concerning the Competency Unit.

4.3.2 Learners are required to work in groups to demonstrate to the assessor on the erection/ dismantle of the following scaffolds:

- Modular (1bay, 2 lifts)
- Tower



## 4.4 Assessment Plan

### 4.4.1 General Guidelines on Assessment

The assessment plan shall comprise the following:

- Overview of the assessment tools and its duration
- Clear instructions on the conduct of the assessment (inclusive of emphasis on Safety for Learners)
- SOP on the upkeep of the confidentiality of the practical/written assessment questions
- Instruments or tools of the practical/written assessment (e.g. question paper, scaffold checklist)
- Practical/written assessment summary record

### 4.4.2 Principles of Assessment

The assessment plan should be valid, reliable, fair and flexible.

- Valid – Are the assessment methods and tools appropriate and effective? Are the evidence collected relevant to the training?
- Reliability – Are the results consistent from one assessment to another?
- Fair – Are the assessment criteria clear? Do all the trainees know what to expect from the assessment? Will the assessment disadvantage any trainee? Do the trainees have any recourse for appeals?
- Flexibility – Can the assessment be used for multiple assessments? Are the assessment tools and methods uniform across different approaches and drawing on a range of different methods? Can they be used appropriately to the context, task and individual under assessment?

## 4.5 Conduct of Assessment

4.5.1 The learner shall be assessed either “Competent” or “Not Yet Competent”. All PS and UK MUST be assessed as ‘Competent’ to be deemed to competent in the unit; AND The candidate must answer at least 65% of the questions correctly in the closed book written test.

4.5.2 The practical assessment must be conducted strictly in accordance with the practical assessment plan. Each Learner is expected to complete and pass ALL the assessment requirements within the stipulated assessment time allocated.

#### 4.5.3 Written Assessment

TP must adhere to the following guideline for the written assessment:

- Must administer a 30 multiple choice question (MCQ) in section A and Section B (fill in the Blanks, Short/Long Questions test).
- Total allocated time for the written assessment is 2 hours.
- During the administration of the written assessment, there shall be an assessor to ensure the integrity of the assessment process. The trainer for the course is not permitted to be the assessor for the same course Learners during the assessment.
- SOP on the upkeep of the confidentiality of the written assessment questions
- The number of attempts a candidate is allowed to be assessed in the written assessment is **ONE**. The candidate certified "NOT YET COMPETENT" after the assessment, the candidate must be re-coursed.

### 4.6 Briefing to Candidate

4.6.1 The briefing to candidate is to explain the purpose and context of assessment so as to ensure that there are no surprises during the conduct of assessment

4.6.2 The briefing to candidate shall include the following:

- The assessment requirements and process, including clear instructions on each of the assessment adopted
- Candidates' rights and the appeal process for assessment outcome

4.6.3 During the briefing, assessors are to establish any special needs and how such needs will be addressed during the assessment.

4.6.4 Assessor must seek feedback and ascertain candidates' understanding of the assessment requirements before the commencement of the assessment

### 4.7 Recording and Reporting of Assessment Outcome

4.7.1 All assessment outcomes must be accurately recorded in the assessment summary record form (see **Annex B**).

4.7.2 Assessment outcome will be communicated to the candidate at the end of the assessment.

4.7.3 The TP shall maintain a record of the assessment results for 2 years for audit purposes.

#### **4.8 Issuance of "Safety Pass" and the "Certificate of Successful Completion"**

4.8.1 "Safety Pass/Card" is to be issued, in accordance with the format shown in Annex C, to candidate who is assessed "Competent" in this Competency Unit for the SOC.

4.8.2 "Certificate of Successful Completion" is to be issued, in accordance with the format shown in Annex D, to candidate who is assessed "Competent" in this Competency Unit.

4.8.3 TPs are to issue the certificate of successful completion in accordance to the format shown in Annex D to every candidate who is assessed "Competent" in this Competency Unit.

# CHAPTER 5: ADULT EDUCATOR REQUIREMENTS

A developer / trainer / assessor for this module shall possess all of the following:

## 5.1 Trainer and Assessor Requirements

A trainer and assessor of this course should possess all the following:

- Specialist Diploma in Workplace Safety and Health
- At least 5 years of relevant industry experience as supervisor / foreman / safety personnel, of which:
  - Theory training:
    - Must be a registered WSH Officer with at least 2 years experience in scaffold erection work
  - Practical training:
    - At least 1 year experience in scaffold supervision work for registered WSH Officer and those with recognised Technical Diploma
    - At least 5 years experience in scaffold supervision work for those who are not WSH Officer or those without recognized Technical diploma
- Advanced Certificate in Training and Assessment (ACTA)/ Advanced Certificate in Learning and Performance (ACLPL) or Diploma in Adult Continuing Education (DACE) or Diploma in Design and Development of Learning for Performance (DDDLP)
- Certificate in Supervision of Metal Scaffold Erection Course/ Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection
- All trainers/adult educators are required to attain 10 hours (minimum) annually by attending Continuing Professional and Development (CPD) courses conducted by appointed training providers. For more details, refer to CPD Programme for WSH Trainers Programme in WSH Council website ([www.wshc.sg](http://www.wshc.sg)).
- The trainer for the course is not permitted to be the assessor for the same course learners during the assessment.

## 5.2 Developer Requirements

In addition to the requirements for trainer and assessor above, the developer should possess all the following:

- WSQ curriculum developer pedagogic requirement: The developer must have attained a WSQ Advanced Certificate in Training and Assessment (ACTA) or its equivalent. With effect from 1 October 2015, a WSQ Diploma in Adult and Continuing Education (DACE) or Diploma in Design and Development of Learning for Performance (DDDLP) is required;
- WSQ curriculum developer experience: The developer should preferably

possess a minimum of one year experience in WSQ-related courseware development; **AND**

- Language proficiency: WPL level 7 or equivalent.

A qualified and experienced developer can work with a Subject Matter Expert with relevant domain qualifications and work experience in developing the courseware.

# CHAPTER 6: SUMMARY OF MANDATORY SECTIONS / INFORMATION

This chapter summarises all the mandatory sections and required information, for easy reference. TPs / Adult Educators are expected to note the information indicated in the following Sections and to comply with the stated requirements, where appropriate:

<u>Section</u>	<u>Title</u>
2.5	Recommended Learning Hours (RLH)
2.7	Recommended Class Size and Learner-Trainer Ratio
2.8	Recommended Assessor to Candidate Ratio
4.1	Content Coverage <i>(On percentage of items under Range and Application and Evidence Sources to be covered)</i>
4.5	Training Resources
4.6	Training Venue Requirements
5.2	Industry Requirements
5.4	Assessment Plan
5.5	Conduct of Assessment
6.1	Trainer and Assessor Requirements
6.2	Developer Requirements

## CHAPTER 7: RESOURCE INFORMATION

This chapter indicates the various literatures, journals, articles and researched information on the competency unit "Supervise Metal Scaffold Erection".

Related WSH legislations, industrial code of practice and other references (list is not exhaustive)

- Safe work procedures
- Workplace Safety and Health Act
- WSH ACOP: Code of Practice for Working Safely at Heights
- WSH (Risk Management) Regulations
- WSH (Work at Heights) Regulations
- WSH (Work at Heights) (Amendment) Regulations
- WSH (Construction) Regulations
- WSH (Scaffolds) Regulations
- CP14: Code of Practice for Scaffolds
- Relevant case studies on scaffold incidents

**PART II**  
**WSQ**  
**&**  
**Supporting Resources**



## Glossary

Training Provider (TP)	A Training Provider (TP) is a training organisation accredited under the WSQ to offer training programmes and assessment services leading to WSQ certification
Assessment	A systematic process of collecting evidence and making judgements as to whether an individual has achieved a certain level of competency.
Assessment Criteria and marking scheme	Provides the context and conditions, under which the assessment will be conducted, what evidence the assessor must collect and the grading criteria used.
Assessment method	The process or technique used to gather evidence. (Bresciano & Fackler, 2005)
Assessment plan	A document which outlines when the evaluation will take place and how it will be conducted. An assessment plan includes the " programme mission or course/activity purpose, goals as appropriate, in/ended outcomes, methods for gathering, analysing data, and interpreting data for providing evidence to inform decision making." (Bresciano & Fackler, 2005)
Assessment process	The series of steps which a candidate undertakes within the enrolment, assessment, recording and reporting cycle of assessment.
Assessment tool	An instrument or resource used in association with a given assessment method. It may include a questionnaire, test paper, interview questions, structured report template and record sheet.
Assumed skills and knowledge	Assumed skills and knowledge are what learners ought to have and are assumed to have before they attend the training programme.
Certification Body (CB)	A Certification Body (CB) is an organization accredited by the Singapore Accreditation Council (SAC) to assess and certify a WSH Training Provider's compliance to ISO 29993:2017 and MOM/WSH Council requirements.
Competency	A competency is a measurable set of knowledge, skills and attitudes that drives and individual's performance to perform at his/her job effectively.
Competency category	A competency category refers to broad occupational or industry area or function, competency units (CU) that are inter-related are grouped by competency categories.
Competency elements	A competency element is the sub-division of a CU. Competency elements encompasses performance criteria, underpinning knowledge, range and context as well as evidence sources.
Competency level	The competency level reflects the level of complexity and depth of learning required by the competencies in the standard. It is outlined in the competency standards.
Competency Map (CM)	A document that captures the type of competencies needed in an industry. The competencies are expressed as CU and these are grouped into competency categories and pegged to occupational levels.

Competency Standards (CS)	A competency standard documents expected work performance outcomes, expected level of performance, knowledge that supports the delivery of work performance
Competency Unit (CU)	A CU describes a particular work role, duty or function, which forms the smallest group of skills, knowledge and abilities set able to be recognized separately for certification. The certification requirements of a CU are detailed in a CS.
Continuing Education and Training (CET)	Continuing Education and Training (CET) refers to educational programmes for adults, usually at the post-secondary level and offered as a part-time or short courses in occupational subject areas. Also see Pre-employment Training (PET).
Credit	A unit of measure assigned to courses or course of equivalent learning.
Curriculum, Training and Assessment Guide (CTAG)	The CTAG is a document that provides training and assessment advice to achieve effective training and assessment leading to WSQ certification of a CU.
Dimensions of competency	The dimensions of competency cover all aspects of work performance. The five dimensions of competency are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- TASK skills</li> <li>- TASK management skills</li> <li>- Contingency management skills</li> <li>- Job and role management skills</li> <li>- Transfer skills</li> </ul>
Evidence sources	The evidence source section in a CS gives examples of tasks, observations, documents etc. that can be used as evidence for assessing the particular competency element or list of performance statements.
Learning outcomes	The work performance that a learner should be able to demonstrate as a result of having undertaken training and/or assessment. It must be measurable, clear and
Performance criteria / statements (PC / PS)	Performance criteria or performance statements refer to the expected work performance or behaviours and expected level of performance to be demonstrated by a competent individual.
Pre-employment Training (PET)	Pre-employment Training (PET) refers to educational programmes that prepare individuals for entry into the workforce. This includes secondary, pre-university, polytechnic and university education.
Qualifications	Qualifications are formal certifications issued by a relevant approved body, in recognition that an individual has achieved learning outcomes identified by the industry.
Range and context	Range and context provides the type of situations under which the performance criteria / statements apply. Range and context cover items that are achievable or to be performed across by competent individuals, such as types of equipment, products and services, types of customers.

Underpinning knowledge	Underpinning knowledge states the knowledge that an individual needs to know and understand in order for him/her to perform competently at work.
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**Version Control**

<b>Version</b>	<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Changes</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Approved By</b>
1.0	1 July 2019	Initial version	SSG-MOM	SSG-MOM
2.0	21 Jan 2022	Updates	WSH Council	WSH Council
3.0	1 Sep 2023	Updates	WSH Council	WSH Council

## Annex A

### Instructional Strategy Selection Chart

<b>Instructional Strategy</b>	<b>Cognitive Domain</b> (Bloom, 1956)	<b>Affective Domain</b> (Krathwohl, Bloom, & Masia, 1973)	<b>Psychomotor Domain</b> (Simpson, 1972)
Lecture, reading, audio/visual, demonstration, or guided observations, question and answer period	1. Knowledge	1. Receiving phenomena	1. Perception 2. Set
Discussions, multimedia CBT, Socratic didactic method, reflection. Activities such as surveys, role playing, case studies, fishbowls, etc.	2. Comprehension 3. Application	2. Responding to phenomena	3. Guided response 4. Mechanism
On-the-Job-Training (OJT), practice by doing (some direction or coaching is required), simulated job settings (to include CBT simulations)	4. Analysis	3. Valuing	5. Complex response
Use in real situations. Also may be trained by using several high level activities coupled with OJT.	5. Synthesis	4. Organise values into priorities	6. Adaptation
Normally developed on own (informal learning) through self-study or learning through mistakes, but mentoring and coaching can speed the process.	6. Evaluation	5. Internalising values	7. Origination

The chart does not cover all possibilities, but most activities should fit in. For example, self-study could fall under reading, audio visual, and/or activities, depending upon the type of program you design.

(Extracted from <http://www.nwlink.com/~donclark/hrd/strategy.html>, accessed 19 Sep 2010)

## Annex B

### Cross Reference Matrix for WSQ Competency Unit

Performance Statement	Underpinning Knowledge & Range & Application	Assessment Criteria <i>(State what is expected and required from the candidate)</i>	Assessment Methods			Assessment Instruments/Tools	Reference		
			Oral Questioning	Written Assignment	Practical Performance		Trainer's Guide	Learner's Guide	Slides
PS1 Identify the needs and expectations of customer populations to develop customer profiles.									
PS 1	<b>UK 1</b>	<b>Tell Me (Knowledge)</b>							
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">                     Sample Format for reference to develop the Cross Reference Matrix                 </div>									
Identify the needs and expectations of customer populations to develop customer profiles.	information on customers; <b>Range &amp; Context</b> <b>Research techniques may include:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ interviews;</li> <li>○ observations;</li> <li>○ surveys;</li> </ul> <b>Research may focus on areas which may include:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ individual influences on customer behavior;</li> <li>○ social influences on customer behavior; &amp;</li> <li>○ Lifestyle influences on customer behavior.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ observations;</li> <li>○ surveys;</li> <li>○ questionnaires;</li> <li>○ database analysis;</li> <li>○ interpreting third party research output; and</li> <li>○ Use of business excellence tools such as Voice of Customer, Quality Function Deployment (QFD).</li> </ul> Identify the needs and expectations of your customers.  <b>Show Me (Process)</b> Research the demography of your customers by:	X				10 - 28	9 - 32	10 - 62

## I. Overview of Assessment for the Competency Unit

Competency unit:

<b>Purpose of assessment</b>

<b>Context of assessment</b>	<b>Details</b>
Organisational requirement	
Operational environment	
Industry requirement	
Legal requirements	

Assessment venue:

Description of candidates: (at least four characteristics)

Special needs of candidates (at least one special need)

Any other special requirements :( at least one special requirement)

Stakeholders in AP development team and their role:

<b>Title</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Support in Developing Assessment Plan</b>

<b>Competency Elements</b>	<b>Methods</b>

<b>Method</b>	<b>Duration</b>	<b>Ratio of assessor to candidate</b>	<b>Remarks</b>
<b>Total</b>		--	--

## II. Assessment Matrix

### Mapping of Assessment Methods with Performance and Knowledge Requirements

Content	Lecture (Hour)	Practical (Hour)	Assessment Mode	Total (Hour)
<b>Day 1</b>				
<b>Theory:</b> UK1. Type of scaffold systems and their characteristics UK2. Criteria for selection of scaffolds UK 3. Terminology used in scaffolds as well as its components and materials UK 4. Tools, equipment and personal protective equipment used in scaffold activities	3.5			3.5
<b>Practical:</b> PS 1. Set up and erect independent tied scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of CP14, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations		4.0		4.0
<b>Day 2</b>				
<b>Theory:</b> UK 5. Material requirement for scaffolds UK 6. Work platform requirement for scaffolds UK 7. Independent tied scaffold	3.5			3.5
<b>Practical:</b> PS 2. Perform inspection and dismantling of independent tied scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations		4.0		4.0
<b>Day 3</b>				
<b>Theory:</b> UK 8. Frame scaffold- Characteristics and material requirement UK 9. Material estimation UK 10. Hazards Identification	3.5			3.5
<b>Practical:</b> PS 3. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of frame scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations		4.0		4.0
<b>Day 4</b>				
<b>Theory:</b>	3.0			3.0



UK 11. Characteristics and types of birdcage scaffold UK 12. Requirement of ties and brace				
<b>Practical:</b> PS4. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of birdcage scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations		4.5		4.5
<b>Day 5</b>				
<b>Theory:</b> UK13. Tower scaffold -Characteristics and types UK 14. Modular scaffolds and the systems	3.5			3.5
<b>Practical:</b> PS 5. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of tubular tower scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations		4.0		4.0
<b>Day 6</b>				
<b>Theory:</b> UK15. Characteristics of suspended scaffold UK16. Special scaffold and its types	2.5			2.5
<b>Practical:</b> PS 6. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of aluminum tower scaffold and all round system scaffold in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH(Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations		5.0		5.0
<b>Day 7</b>				
<b>Theory:</b> UK 17. WSH (Scaffolds) Regulations for scaffold activities and relevant case studies on scaffold incidents	3.5			3.5
<b>Practical:</b> PS 7. Perform erection, inspection and dismantling of cuplock system scaffold in accordance with the safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659, WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations		4.0		4.0
<b>Day 8</b>				
<b>Theory:</b> UK18. Scaffold register and inspection checklists	2.5			2.5
<b>Practical:</b> PS9. Record work in scaffold register and inspection checklists		5.0		5.0
<b>Day 9</b>				

<b>Theory:</b> UK19. Factors affecting safety of scaffold structure	2.5			2.5
<b>Practical:</b> PS8. Identify hazards and ensure safety of scaffold erection and dismantling		5.0		5.0
<b>Day 10</b>				
Debrief and course evaluation	1.5			1.5
<b>WRITTEN /PRACTICAL ASSESSMENT</b>				
TOTAL (Hours) – Written Assessment				2.0
TOTAL (Hours) – Practical Assessment				4.0
<b>TOTAL (Hours)</b>				<b>75</b>

WA = Written Assessment PA = Practical Assessment  
Practical duration is for cohort of 12 Learners

### III. Assessment Specifications for Practical Performance

These instructions concern the practical assessment for the Learner's competency.

Specification Item	Details on Specifications
Learning outcome	To perform erection and dismantling of scaffolds in line with safe work procedure, general principles and requirements of WSH (Scaffold) Regulations, SS659 and other related WSH regulations
Duration	4 hours
Venue	Practical training area
Set up	Learners to erect/ dismantle scaffolds of various types

### IV. Assessment Specifications for Written Assessment

These instructions concern the written assessment of the Learner's competency.

Specification Item	Details on Specifications
Learning outcome	Fulfil the course learning objectives for all topics to be assessed
Duration	2 hours
Venue	Classroom
Set up	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Classroom setup for 12 Learners.</li> <li>• Tables &amp; chairs for individual seating</li> <li>• Projector and monitor</li> <li>• Whiteboard &amp; markers of different colours</li> <li>• Whiteboard duster</li> <li>• 2B pencil and eraser for each Learner</li> <li>• Printed answer sheet</li> <li>• Common Clock</li> </ul>

Conduct of the Written Test	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Brief Learners to check if they have been given the correct test set</li><li>• Brief Learners on the time allocated for the test</li><li>• Brief Learners on the close book test format.</li><li>• Brief Learners that they cannot refer to any material or notes or discuss the questions with any other Learners during the test</li><li>• Brief Learners that they are allowed to ask the assessor to explain the question/s</li><li>• Brief Learners on the 65% passing mark requirement</li></ul>
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**V. Assessment Record for Practical Performance (PP)**

**Candidate's Name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **End Time :** \_\_\_\_\_

**Candidate 's ID Number :** \_\_\_\_\_ **Start Time :** \_\_\_\_\_

**Assessor's Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

<b>PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST</b>				
<b>Performance Statement/Underpinning Knowledge</b>	<b>Assessment Criteria</b>	<b>Tick</b>		<b>Evidence of 'C' and 'NYC' must be recorded</b>
		<b>C</b>	<b>NYC</b>	
Perform erection inspection and dismantling of modular and tower scaffolds in accordance with safe work procedures, general principles and requirements of SS659 WSH (Scaffold) Regulations and other related WSH Regulations	Candidate is able to show the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Able to identify types of scaffolding system</li> <li>• Selection of scaffold materials</li> <li>• Check scaffolding materials</li> <li>• Plan scaffold erection</li> <li>• Erection/ tightening of various components</li> <li>• Practice safety during erection</li> <li>• Use of PPE</li> <li>• Proper procedures</li> <li>• Handing of materials</li> <li>• Safety during dismantling</li> <li>• Housekeeping</li> <li>• Storage of materials</li> <li>• Tie knots and hitches used in scaffolding</li> <li>• Adding scaffolds – ways and methods of adding</li> <li>• Partial removal of scaffolds –</li> </ul>			

	<p>strengthening and safety precautions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Developing the Scaffold Checklists and Register</li></ul>			
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## VI. Assessment Record for Written Assessment

Candidate's Name: \_\_\_\_\_ End Time : \_\_\_\_\_

Candidate's ID  
Number : \_\_\_\_\_ Start Time : \_\_\_\_\_

Assessor's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

KNOWLEDGE CHECKLIST				
Underpinning Knowledge	Assessment Criteria	Tick		Evidence of 'C' and 'NYC' must be recorded
		C	NYC	
UK 1 ...	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sample Questions.....</li> <li>• Suggested Answers...</li> </ul>			
UK 2 ...	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sample Questions.....</li> <li>• Suggested Answers...</li> </ul>			
UK 3 ...	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sample Questions.....</li> <li>• Suggested Answers...</li> </ul>			
UK 4 ...	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sample Questions.....</li> <li>• Suggested Answers...</li> </ul>			

## VII. SUMMARY ASSESSMENT RECORD

<b>Assessment Centre</b> :		
<b>Competency Unit</b> :		
<b>Candidate Name</b> :		
<b>Candidate ID No.</b> :		
<b>Assessor Name</b> :		
<b>Assessment Method</b> :	<b>Practical Performance (PP)</b>	<b>Written Assessment (WA)</b>
<b>Assessment Date</b> :		
<b>Start Time</b> :		
<b>End Time</b> :		

### Summary

<b>Performance Statement</b>	<i>Assessment Method</i>		<i>Result</i>
	<i>PP</i>	<i>WA</i>	

This candidate has been assessed as:

- COMPETENT
- NOT YET COMPETENT

Assessor signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Candidate signature: \_\_\_\_\_

**Feedback on outcome by assessor/feedback by candidate:**

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**In the event of "NYC" result:**

- Candidate does not wish to appeal
- Candidate wishes to appeal

Candidate signature:

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## VIII. Assessment Tools Required and other Related Documents

- **Other required Assessment Tools for this assessment plan**  
e.g. case studies, role play scenarios, written test papers, logistics checklist
- **Pre-Assessment Briefing Checklist**
- **Appeal Process**
- **Version Control Record**

Version	Effective Date	Changes	Author
1.0		New release	

- **Other required Assessment Tools for this assessment plan**  
e.g. case studies, role play scenarios, written test papers, logistics checklist

## CODE OF PRACTICE FOR ASSESSORS

Assessment specialists have developed an international code of ethics and practice (The National Council for Measurement in Education (NCME)). The Code of Practice below is based on the international standards.

1. The differing needs and requirements of the person(s) being assessed, the local enterprise(s) and/or industry are identified and handled with sensitivity.
2. Potential forms of conflict of interest in the assessment process and/or outcomes are identified and appropriate referrals are made, if necessary.
3. All forms of harassment are avoided throughout the planning, conduct, reviewing and reporting of the assessment outcomes.
4. The rights of the candidates (s) are protected during and after the assessment.
5. Personal or interpersonal factors that are not relevant to the assessment of competency must not influence the assessment outcomes.
6. The candidate(s) is made aware of rights and processes of appeal.
7. Evidence that is gathered during the assessment is verified for validity, reliability, authenticity, sufficiency and currency.
8. Assessment decisions are based on available evidence that can be produced and verified by another assessor.
9. Assessments are conducted within the boundaries of the assessment system policies and procedures.
10. Formal agreement is obtained from both the candidate(s) and the assessor that the assessment was carried out in accordance with agreed procedures.
11. Assessment tools, systems, and procedures are consistent with equal opportunity legislation.
12. The candidate(s) is informed of all assessment reporting processes prior to the assessment.
13. The candidate(s) is informed of all known potential consequences of decisions arising from an assessment, prior to the assessment.
14. Confidentiality is maintained regarding assessment result.

15. Results are only released with the written permission of the candidate(s).
16. The assessment results are used consistently with the purposes explained do the candidate.
17. Self-assessments are periodically conducted to ensure current competencies against the assessment and Workplace Training Competency Standards.
18. Professional development opportunities are identified and sought.
19. Opportunities for networking amongst assessors are created and maintained.
20. Opportunities are created for technical assistance in planning, conducting and reviewing assessment procedures and outcomes.

## Annex C

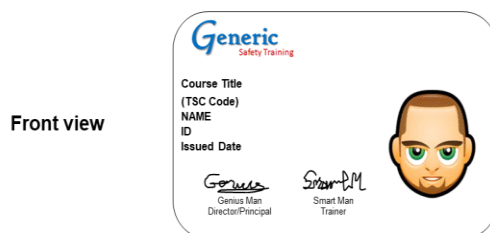
### Format of Safety Pass

Training Providers are to issue a Safety Pass and or Certificate of Course Completion, to workers who have successfully completed and passed the course.

Do note that the reference below is intended only to present the format of the pass and should not be used as an actual template for direct printing.

#### Guidelines for the credit card size pass for MOM WSH courses by TPs

3 3/8 × 2 1/8 inch (85.60 × 53.98 mm)



Font Type: Arial  
Font size (Course title): Recommended 8pt or larger  
Font size (Others): Recommended 6pt or larger  
Photo size: 3.1cm X 2.4cm

- Pass should contain no less than the information depicted in the guide
- TP may use their own reference format for serial number
- Course Title should be the title as indicated in the WSQ Framework(CS/CTAG). The Technical Skills and Competency (TSC) Code and Title, should also be printed in parentheses ( ) aligned to the title reflected in either the Competency Standards (CS) or TSC. However, it is not required to print the TSC Course name if it is the same as the SC/CTAG title
- ID should be FIN, NRIC Passport Number or any unique official identifier
- Course Venue should reflect address of training centre (not business office, etc) which pass holder attended
- Trainer signature should reflect the trainer that conducted the course

## Back view

1. Use of card is governed by terms and conditions of < Name of Training Provider>
2. < Name of Training Providers> is a SkillsFuture Singapore Agency's Training Provider at the date of issuance of the pass
3. This card is not transferrable
4. The course is conducted @.< Course venue>
5. Holder of the card has been certified competent in the <Course Title> on the issued date as indicated in front.
6. This card will expire <xx> years from the date of issue.
7. This card is the property of < Name of Training Provider> and must be returned on request.
8. Card shall be retained if it has been tampered with, misused or replaced.
9. This card is issued by < Name of Training Provider>. If found, please return to < Name of Training Provider>. at <Address of < Name of Training Provider>..
10. For enquiries, please contact < Name of Training Provider>. > at <hotline>

Font Type: Arial

Font size : Recommended 6pt or larger


## Annex D

### Certificate of Successful Completion


Training Providers are to issue a Safety Pass and or Certificate of Course Completion, to workers who have successfully completed and passed the course.

3 inch 10pt 20pt 10pt 16pt 12pt 10pt 16pt 10pt 12pt 10pt 10pt 1 inch	<Official Logo/Name of TP>  <b>CERTIFICATE OF SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION</b> is awarded to <b>&lt;Name of Trainee&gt;</b> < ID > for successful completion of the <Course Title> <TSC Title/Code> < Name of TP > <TP approved by SkillsFuture Singapore> @ < Training venue > from <Training Date/s> <b>Validity: &lt; x Years from last date of course / NA &gt;</b>	Serial Number: <xxx>
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Font type: Arial  
 Font size: Recommended as stipulated  
 Header/Footer space: Recommended as stipulated



**Genius Man**  
 Director / Principal  
 Training Division  
 <Name of TP> /  
 Company Stamp



**Smart Man**  
 Trainer  
 Training Division  
 <Name of TP>

<Name of T P> | UEN: <XXX> | <Office Address>  
 Tel: <xxx> Fax: <xxx> | Website: <xxx> | Email: <xxx>

•Certificate should contain no less than the information depicted in the guide

•TP may use their own reference format for serial number

•ID should be FIN, NRIC Passport Number or any unique official identifier

•For TP Course, Course Title should be the corresponding title as indicated in WSQ System Framework(CS/CTAG). The Technical Skills and Competency (TSC) Code and Title should be printed in parentheses ( ) aligned to the title reflected in either the Competency Standards (CS) or TSC. However, it is not required to print the TSC course name if it is the same as the CS/CTAG Title

•Course Venue should reflect address of training centre (not business office, etc) which pass holder attended

•Certificate should indicate that <<Name of TP>> is a Training Provider (TP) approved by SkillsFuture Singapore for <<Course Title of corresponding course>>

•Trainer signature should reflect the trainer that conducted the course

•Management of safety certificate should be in accordance to the requirements under TP scheme