

TECHNICAL NOTES PART II

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Purpose of Guide

This Guide is designed for accredited Training Providers and Adult Educators who are responsible for the design and delivery WSQ Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work under GMS WSQ Framework. This Guide aims to provide essential curriculum, training and assessment design advisory information, to guide developers, trainers and assessment in the interpretation and translation of competency standards into training and assessment programme. The Guide also contains training and assessment requirements stipulated by industry, and WSQ accreditation information for compliance. It is divided into 2 parts:

- Part I** - Details specific recommendations and advice for programme developers of “Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work”.
- Part II** - Provides a broad spectrum of information about WSQ and related components relevant to the “Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work” programme.

PART I

WSQ

Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work

CHAPTER 1: WSQ Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work

1.1 Overview

This course will equip the individuals with the essential competencies to Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work safely.

1.2 Key Features of WSQ Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work

The Performance Statements (PS) covered are:

- PS1. Interpret WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to Compressed Air Works (CAW)
- PS2. List the roles and responsibilities of a Man-Lock Attendant and assess the suitability of learners to enter the compressed air (CA) environment
- PS3. Identify symptoms of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas
- PS4. Perform calculation of air pressure for compressed air environment
- PS5. Perform compression procedure before entering into compressed air environment
- PS6. Identify and respond to fire hazards in tunnelling and compressed air environment
- PS7. Perform decompression procedure before leaving compressed air environment
- PS8. Maintain lock attendant register including health declaration form for all compressed air learners and report all learners with symptoms of decompression illnesses (DCI) and barotraumas
- PS9. Assist in the administration of oxygen first aid

Why this Course?

The “Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work” course aims to provide learners with the knowledge and skills in WSH Legislations governing Compressed Air Works (CAW), roles and responsibilities of Man-Lock Attendant, performing compression and/or decompression procedures before and/or after entering compressed air environment and assist in administration of oxygen first aid activities in construction and other industries.

1.3 Target Audience

1.3.1 The “Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work” is a mandatory training course for workers who are assigned as Man-Lock Attendants at construction worksites or any place that requires personnel to work in a compressed air (CA) environment.

1.3.2 Learners are assumed to have:

- Learners must be certified medically fit to enter compressed air environment by a designated factory doctor (DFD). Learners should not be physically handicapped and should have normal colour vision.
- Learners must be trained in first aid.
- Learners must possess knowledge of diving, compressed air work, hyperbaric environments or hyperbaric medicine and fire-fighting.
- Learners need to have successfully completed:
 - Construction Safety Orientation Course (CSOC) for Learners
 - Safety Orientation Course (Tunnelling) for Learners

1.4 Recommended Learning Hours (RLH)

- RLH = 44 Hours (Training Hours: 40, Assessment Hours 4)
- The RLH takes into account the time required for direct learning activities. Direct learning is broadly defined as trainer/assessor-directed & involves purposeful instructions given to trainees to complete as part of instructional design of a structured facilitated training and assessment programme.

Activity	Duration
Facilitated Learning	40 hours
Assessment	4 hours

- Facilitated training and assessment
- E-learning¹ and assessment

¹ For E-learning to be considered as “directed learning”, the learning progress of trainees should be tracked via audit trail, progress reports, etc.

1.5 Recommended Class Size, and Trainer-Learner Ratio

- Recommended Class Size: 12
- Recommended Trainer-Learner ratio: 1: 12 (Classroom)
- Attendance Requirements: 75% for classroom and practical sessions

1.6 Recommended Assessor to Candidate Ratio

- Written Assessment: 1 : 12 (Class size)

CHAPTER 2: TYPES OF PROGRAMME

2.1 Programme Structure

2.1.1 This unit covers the following underpinning knowledge item which could be taught in the classroom via a combination of lectures, discussions and case-studies.

- UK1. WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to Compressed Air Works (CAW)
- UK2. Types of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas
- UK3. Hyperbaric physics and calculation of air pressure
- UK4. Types of compressed air environment, compression and decompression procedures
- UK5. Chamber Operations, Elements of Fire Triangle and the use of fire extinguisher in fire-fighting
- UK6. Lock attendant register and symptoms of decompression illnesses (DCI) and barotraumas
- UK7. Oxygen First Aid procedures

2.1.2 The unit also covers the following Performance Statements: These would best be taught via a combination of **lecture, demonstrations and hands-on practice.**

- PS1. Interpret WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to Compressed Air Works (CAW)
- PS2. List the roles and responsibilities of a Man-Lock Attendant and assess

the suitability of learners to enter the compressed air (CA) environment

- PS3. Identify symptoms of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas
- PS4. Perform calculation of air pressure for compressed air environment
- PS5. Perform compression procedure before entering into compressed air environment
- PS6. Identify and respond to fire hazards in tunnelling and compressed air environment
- PS7. Perform decompression procedure before leaving compressed air environment
- PS8. Maintain lock attendant register including health declaration form for all compressed air learners and report all learners with symptoms of decompression illnesses (DCI) and barotraumas
- PS9. Assist in the administration of oxygen first aid

CHAPTER 3: KEY DELIVERY ADVICE

3.1 Content Coverage

In developing the programme for any "Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work" competency unit, TPs should always make cross references to the Performance Statements (PS), Underpinning Knowledge (UK), Range and Application and Evidence Sources sections as stipulated in the "Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work" National Competency Standard.

The components of the Competency Standard and the interpretations are briefly explained here.

For example,

The Range and Application and Evidence Sources reference to the Performance statements and/or Underpinning Knowledge is usually accompanied by the instructions "may include" or "must include":

"May include"

- *Indicates that training providers are required to cover some (to indicate percentage if relevant) of the suggested Range and Application items listed when developing the "Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work" programme.*
- *The training provider may choose to add more Range and Application items related to the corresponding Performance Statements and/or Underpinning Knowledge as part of their "Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work" programme development.*

"Must include"

- *Indicates that training providers are required to cover all of Range and Application items listed when developing courseware.*
- *The training provider may choose to add more Range and Application items related to the corresponding Performance Statements and/or Underpinning Knowledge as part of their "Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work" programme development.*

3.2 Sequence of Coverage

The following sequence is recommended:

Lesson No.	Content	Instructional Mode	Duration (Hours)
1	UK1. WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to Compressed Air Works (CAW) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction and history of Compressed Air works (CAW). • Physics and physiology of CAW • CAW Safety and technical issues • Workplace Safety & Health Act • WSH (Construction) Regulations • WSH (Medical Examinations) Regulations • WSH (First Aid) Regulations • ^WSH (Risk Management) Regulations • WSH (General Provisions) Regulations 2006 • WSH (Incident Reporting) Regulations • Roles and responsibilities of a Man-Lock Attendant 	Theory	4
	PS1. Interpret WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to Compressed Air Works (CAW) PS2. List the Roles and Responsibilities of a Man-Lock Attendant and assess the suitability of learners to enter the Compressed Air (CA) environment	Practical	
2	UK2. Types of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Life support • History of Decompression Illnesses (DCI) • Factors that contribute to DCI • Types of DCI, including dysbaric osteonecrosis • Barotrauma of ears and sinuses • Barotrauma of lungs • Physiological implications • Contraindications to compressed air works 	Theory	4
	PS3. Identify symptoms of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas	Practical	
3	UK3. Hyperbaric physics and calculation of air pressure <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to hyperbaric physics • Calculation of pressure • Mathematical formulas 	Theory	4

	PS4. Perform calculation of air pressure for compressed air environment	Practical	
4	<p>UK4. Types of compressed air environment, compression and decompression procedures</p> <p>UK5. Chamber Operations, Elements of fire triangle and the use of fire extinguisher in fire-fighting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to chamber operations • Pre-entry health check • Compression procedures • Demonstration and practice • Safety checklist • Fire triangle, fire hazards and prevention in a CA and oxygen-rich environment • Use of fire extinguisher in fire-fighting • Decompression procedures 	Theory	19.5
	<p>PS5. Perform compression procedure before entering into compressed air environment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Visit to man-lock chamber • Demonstration and practice chamber operations • Pre-entry health check • Safety checklist • Compression procedures <p>PS6. Identify and respond to fire hazards in tunnelling and compressed air environment</p> <p>PS7. Perform decompression procedure before leaving compressed air environment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decompression procedures 	Practical	
5	<p>UK6. Lock attendant register and symptoms of decompression illnesses (DCI) and barotraumas</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identification badges • Conditions for person working in CAW environment • Conditions for multiple entries into a CAW environment • Health declaration form • Man-Lock Attendant Register • Incident reporting <p>PS8. Maintain man-lock attendant register including health declaration form for all compressed air learners and report all learners with symptoms of decompression illnesses (DCI) and barotraumas</p>	Theory	6

	UK7. Oxygen first aid procedures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First Aid Kit for Man-Lock • Unconscious in CAW • Assist in Oxygen First Aid Procedures PS9. Assist in the administration of oxygen first aid	Practical	2.5
6	Course Examination	Assessment	4
Total			44

^The Risk Management process should consider the management of infectious disease outbreak, employees' health (including mental well-being) and terrorist threats. Training Provider should take reference from the 3rd revision of the Code of Practice on Risk Management.

3.3 Recommended Learning Strategies and Methods

3.3.1 Curriculum developers are recommended to adopt the following structure for thinking about and planning a learning strategy:

- Summarise the learning strategy
- In this learning strategy, what learning principles are being applied?
- What learning theories or learning design theories underpin this strategy?
- How will this strategy resolve the identified learning problems? What is it about the learning strategy that will cause people to change in a way that resolves the learning problem?
- How would you describe the experience that learners will go through? How will this experience support their learning?
- What methods or tactics are most likely to be used to support this strategy?
- How will interface and media support this strategy?
- How will this strategy engage learners' interests?
- How will this strategy assess learners' progress or increased competence?

(Extracted from www.networked-learning.com, accessed 19 Sep 2010)

3.3.2 An example of instructional strategy selection for cognitive, affective and psychomotor domains is given in **Annex A**.

3.3.3 A non-exhaustive list of recommended training delivery methods is provided below.

- Case studies
- Demonstrations of activities
- Group discussion
- Videos and other e-resources and instructional media
- Problem-based learning and instruction
- Photos/slides of CA-related hazards
- Written assignment

- 3.3.4 Where relevant and appropriate, the learning activities for the unit should be designed to shape or cultivate the expected attitudes of the candidates and to prepare them for their role in the sector.
- 3.3.5 To enhance the transfer of learning, an andragogical or adult-learning approach to learning is encouraged in the development and delivery of the Competency Unit. Andragogical instructional techniques are designed with these factors in mind:
- Adults are self-directed
 - Adults have acquired knowledge and experience through the workplace that can be utilised as a resource for learning
 - Adults show a greater readiness to learn tasks that are relevant to their work roles
 - Adults are motivated to learn in order to solve problems and address needs
 - Adults expect to be able to apply what they learn
 - Adults need to be challenged with varied strategies that maintain interest
- 3.3.6 This unit may be delivered in a combination of simulated environment and off-the-job.
- Content relating to underpinning knowledge and principles may be delivered off-the-job. Off-the-job delivery can be face-to-face in the classroom in a training organisation, or at a workplace venue. Classroom delivery should be interactive and learner-centred, using a range of activities and instructional methods.
 - The practical aspects of the Competency Unit, however, should be delivered in simulated workplace settings.
- 3.3.7 All training delivery should be related to the normal work process and every effort should be made to link the acquisition and application of the knowledge, skills and attitudes to the workplace.

3.3.8 Suggestions for delivery of this Competency Unit are given below:

Competency	Instructional Methods	Remarks
Underpinning Knowledge	Lectures, discussions, case studies, problem-based learning, videos, e- learning resources	<p>The knowledge component of this course is primarily focused on the requirements of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to compressed air works (CAW) • Compressed air illnesses (decompression illnesses and dysbaric osteonecrosis) • Barotrauma • Physics and physiology of compressed air environment • Compression and decompression procedures • Maintain a lock attendant register and report symptoms of DCI • Assist in oxygen first aid procedures • Elements of fire triangle and the use of fire extinguisher in fire-fighting <p>These can be delivered in a classroom using models and slides.</p>

Performance Statements	Lectures, demonstrations, practice	<p>The demonstration and practice may include the following key skills:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interpret WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to Compressed Air Works (CAW) • Identify symptoms of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas • Perform calculation of air pressure for compressed air environment • Perform compression procedure before entering into compressed air environment • Identify and respond to fire hazards in tunnelling and compressed air environment • Perform decompression procedure before leaving compressed air environment • Maintain lock attendant register including health declaration form for all compressed air learners and report all learners with symptoms of decompression illnesses (DCI) and barotraumas • Assist in the administration of oxygen first aid
Attributes	Discussions, modelling, sharing	<p>A competent man-lock attendant must have a sense of "safety awareness". Hence a competent man-lock attendant must always be on a look out for the CA learner's health condition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check and verify compressed air (CA) learner's health status against his declaration • Look out for learners with upper respiratory tract infection • Refer all CA learners unfit for the CA environment to the appointed medical practitioner

3.4 Trainer's Guide and Learner's Guide and Handouts

3.4.1 The TP is required to prepare a trainer's guide for the course. The guide provides the trainer with information on the course including:

- Course aim
- Learning objectives
- Target audience
- Assumed skills and knowledge
- Course duration
- Class size and trainer to learner ratio
- Lesson plan
- Course contents and instructional materials according to the course requirements
- Training methodologies
- Areas of focus/emphasis for each slide/topic
- Training resource requirements
- Course administration instruction

3.4.2 The TP shall also facilitate the learning process by providing each learner with a learners' workbook/handouts to summarise (with illustrations, where possible) key learning points of all the topics covered in the syllabus. This may be in the form of drawings/illustrations rather than words.

3.4.3 The TP is required to submit a cross reference matrix (see **Annex B**) to show that the courseware submitted is aligned to the requirements of the competency standard.

3.4.4 The TP is to ensure that materials used for the training does not infringe on patent, design, copyright and intellectual property rights.

3.4.5 The TP shall maintain a version control of updates made to the course materials for verification by the relevant authorities.

3.5 Training Resources

3.5.1 Training Requirements:

- Training site emergency evacuation route – to be briefed at start of course
- Training SOP must be available before the conduct of the course
- Appropriate and relevant PPEs and relevant and appropriate equipment for classroom demonstration shall be made available during the course

3.5.2 Resource Requirements:

Theory/Practical Training	Resource Requirements
All	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Trainers and assessors (in addition to the minimum qualifications, experience and competencies and industrial experience in the learners' vocational focus is highly desirable) 2. Reference materials concerning WSH regulations, standards, codes of practice and guidelines 3. WSH Act and its subsidiary legislation, including Amendments, where applicable: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WSH (Construction) Regulations governing CAW • WSH (Medical Examinations) Regulations • WSH (Risk Management) Regulations • WSH (Incident Reporting) Regulations • WSH (First Aid) Regulations • WSH (General Provisions) Regulations
<p>UK2. Types of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas</p> <p>UK6. Lock attendant register and symptoms of decompression illnesses (DCI) and barotraumas</p> <p>PS3. Identify symptoms of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. WSH Guidelines on Compressed Air Works – Prevention of Compressed Air Illness and Barotrauma (WSH Council) 2. Photos/slides of CA-related hazards

<p>UK4. Types of compressed air environment, compression and decompression procedures</p> <p>PS5. Perform compression procedure before entering into compressed air environment</p> <p>PS7. Perform decompression procedure before leaving compressed air environment</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Case studies relating to DCI 2. Training videos on compression and decompression procedures 3. Approved Man-lock chamber
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3.5.3 Training Provider Requirements

Training Providers are required to fulfill the following requirements:

- ISO 29993 certification;
- bizSAFE Level 3 certification;
- Blended learning
 - Have developed an SOP to conduct online training and assessment (with online proctoring for supervisor and above courses) when required to do so.
 - For each WSH course, the Training Provider must have at least:
 - a. 1 full time Principal/Director;
 - b. 1 full time WSH Approved Adult Educator/ Trainer/Facilitators for each WSH course¹; and
 - c. 2 approved full time/associate Adult Educator/ Trainer/Facilitators for each of the language.

Training Providers are to inform the WSH Council when they withdraw their training provider status for any WSH course(s), or have their status suspended or terminated by any authority.

Training Providers are to comply with the instruction by either (i) SkillsFuture Singapore (SSG), Ministry of Manpower (MOM) or the WSH Council to stop conducting any WSH Course(s) when an investigation is ongoing, or a non-compliance is being verified. Further actions would be taken when fraudulent acts or significant non-compliances are established.

3.5.4 Total WSH Presentation Slides

Total WSH presentation slides will be issued upon approval of the Training Provider. The materials are provided strictly for the explicit use and guidance of training providers for the conduct of this course.

Any other use of the materials or parts thereof, reproduction, publication, distribution, transmission, re-transmission, or storage in a retrieval system in any form, electronic or otherwise, for purposes other than that expressly stated above without the express permission of WSH Council is strictly prohibited.

3.6 Training Venue Requirements

- 3.6.1 All locations and facilities to be used for training and assessment have to be approved by the relevant authorities. WSQ "Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work" requires two types of facilities for training and assessment - a classroom environment for theory training and an approved man-lock chamber.
- 3.6.2 For the theory training, this is to be conducted in a classroom with supporting training slides and videos. TP shall ensure the classroom has adequate chairs and writing tables to be comfortably spaced for conduciveness to the learning process and for the purpose of conducting the assessment. A time device e.g. clock, lightings and ventilation must be available and adequate for classroom instruction. Emergency exit routes must be clearly marked out and briefed to the course participants at the start of the course. Necessary equipment such as projectors, multimedia player, whiteboards, flipcharts and any other equipment essential for instruction purpose must be made available.
- 3.6.3 For the practical training, this is to be conducted in an approved man-lock chamber for training and emergency use. The training site is to be equipped with sufficient and relevant practical training equipment such as PPEs, fire-fighting equipment, first aid etc.
- 3.6.4 TP is to adhere to the conditions stipulated in the TN Part I and Part II at all times, where applicable. Adequate safety control measures must be undertaken to ensure the safety of the learners and trainers during the conduct of the course/training at all times.
- 3.6.5 Unless prior approval has been granted by the CB, which had certified its WSH courses, each TP shall maintain and conduct its WSH course at its primary Training Venue. In addition, the TP shall ensure that the following are not shared with any other TP:
 - a) Their approved Training Venue/s; and
 - b) Any other equipment or loads, which are used for the conduct of the WSH course.
- 3.6.6 In the event, where the TP wishes to conduct its WSH theory course(s) at a venue, other than the approved Training Venue, the TP must inform the CB, which had certified its WSH course(s) at the approved Training Venue/s, of its intent to effect such a change, and it must also demonstrate to the CB that:

- a) It has an approved Training Venue at the registered address;
- b) That the proposed venue is conducive for learning; and
- c) That there are no safety and health concerns in relation to the proposed venue/s.

The TP may conduct its WSH theory course(s) at a venue other than the approved Training Venue/s only after obtaining the CB's approval.

3.6.7 The requirement stated at Para 3.6.6 shall apply to a TP for single and multiple usage.

3.6.8 Where the CB has granted approval to the TP to conduct the WSH theory course(s) at an alternate venue, the TP must ensure that:

- a) All training and assessment records are kept by the TP, for courses conducted, at the alternate venue. Such records shall include the following documents:
 - i. Photographs of the alternate venue;
 - ii. Photographs of the WSH theory course(s) being conducted at the alternate venue;
 - iii. Layout plan of the alternate venue; and
 - iv. Leasing documents;
- b) The records mentioned in sub-paragraph 3.6.8(a) above, are continually updated;
- c) The alternate venue is only used for the conduct of WSH theory course(s).

No practical training/assessment shall be allowed at the alternate venue, unless approval has been granted by the Authorities; and

- d) The alternate venue is not occupied and or used by another TP or WSH approved training provider at any time.

3.6.9 The TP must ensure that all Training Venues (including alternate venues) have been approved by the Urban Redevelopment Authority (URA) or the Housing & Development Board ("HDB"), either as a Commercial School (theory based only) or for Industrial Training (theory and practical), before it applies to be certified by the CB. Note: Tenancy agreement (e.g. from JTC Corporation or other Developers) does not constitute a URA approval. Only correspondence with letterheads bearing the office of the relevant government authorities granting the approval shall be recognized.

3.6.10 Paragraph 3.6.9 shall not apply to TP who is applying for a once-off use of the theory training premises.

3.6.11 The TP is to note that a CB's approval of any practical training venue is conditioned upon its safe and adequacy of the training facilities and equipment. The TP shall comply with all relevant legislations including but not limited to legislations involving land use, building, fire and safety.

CHAPTER 4: KEY ASSESSMENT ADVICE

This chapter describes the following components:

A description on the general guidelines and requirements for conducting assessment is given in the reference WSQ resource websites in Part II of this document.

4.1 Recommended Assessment Strategies and Methods

4.1.1 Practical and/or Theory assessments should be conducted on the completion of each section of PS and UK. The practical exercises shall cover a range of operations to be carried out by a man-lock attendant. Theory assessments should be conducted throughout the course to gauge the learner's ability and progress. The final theory assessment should include an overall course examination of duration of 4 hours.

4.2 Assessment Advice

- The learner must pass both written and practical assessment to be issued the certificate of successful completion. Failure to pass the written assessment will render a "Fail" outcome for the Learner and he must then re-take the course before re-attempting the assessment.
- During the administration of the written assessment, there shall be an assessor to ensure the integrity of the assessment process. The trainer for the course is not permitted to be the assessor for the same course during the assessment. An invigilator can be appointed in place of the assessor, but the trainer for the course must be on standby to make clarification on the questions where needed.
- MOM/WSH Council officers shall conduct audits with or without notice on WSQ WSH TPs.
- To facilitate marking of the assessment papers, TPs shall install the Automated Marking System (AMS) and its associated hardware.
- The TP personnel who is authorised to use the AMS to scan and mark the test via AMS must also ensure that the assessment results are updated in SSG's Skills Connect system.
- To facilitate uploading of the assessment results, TPs shall install the Automated Marking System (AMS) and its associated hardware.
- The TP personnel who is authorised to use the AMS must also ensure that the assessment results are updated in SSG's TPGateway.
- TPs are to upload the test results to MOM/ WSH Council no later than 5 calendar days after completion of the courses. All errors must be rectified

within 24 hours for re-submission of the affected results to MOM/ WSH Council via WSH TRS. This is in addition to the uploading of assessment results to SSG via TPGateway

- Authorities (i.e. MOM/ WSH Council) may request from TPs information on the course. TPs are to ensure that the information given to the Authorities are accurate and updated.

Note: For system(s) or requirement(s) administered by the relevant authorities, i.e. MOM/ WSH Council, the TP shall fulfil the requirements and follow up with the agencies accordingly.

4.3 Assessment Instruments and Tools

4.3.1 Assessments instruments and tools will be required to conduct the assessment planned. Examples of such templates include:

- An Evidence Sources Checklist to serve as a reporting snapshot of the types of evidence gathering that may be used.
- A Verbal Assessment Checklist to record answers to questions concerning Underpinning Knowledge if this is used as an alternative to written exercise.
- Written Assessment Checklists as an instrument for the recording of answers to questions concerning the performance statements and underpinning knowledge.
- A Recording and Reporting Assessment Table Format as an instrument for the concise recording of competency and re-assessment information concerning the Competency Unit.

4.4 Assessment Plan

4.4.1 General Guidelines on Practical Assessment

The assessment plan shall comprise the following:

- Overview of the assessment tools and its duration
- Clear instructions on the conduct of the assessment
- SOP on the upkeep of the confidentiality of the practical assessment questions
- Instruments or tools of the practical assessment (e.g. question paper, checklist)
- Practical assessment summary record

4.4.2 Principles of Assessment

The assessment plan should be valid, reliable, fair and flexible.

- Valid – Are the assessment methods and tools appropriate and effective? Are the evidence collected relevant to the training?
- Reliability – Are the results consistent from one assessment to another?
- Fair – Are the assessment criteria clear? Do all the trainees know what to expect from the assessment? Will the assessment disadvantage any trainee? Do the trainees have any recourse for appeals?
- Flexibility – Can the assessment be used for multiple assessments? Are the assessment tools and methods uniform across different approaches and drawing on a range of different methods? Can they be used appropriately to the context, task and individual under assessment?

4.5 Conduct of Assessment

4.5.1 The practical assessment must be conducted strictly in accordance with the practical assessment plan. Each Learner is expected to complete and pass ALL the assessment requirements within the stipulated assessment time allocated.

4.5.2 The learner shall be assessed either "Competent" or "Not Yet Competent". 100% pass for all the practical components is required.

4.5.3 Assessment Methods

A robust and qualitative assessment process is essential to ensure the commercial diving supervisor has attained competency. At least two (2) assessment methods should be used for each performance statements required of the learners. Where appropriate, two or more performance statements may be assessed collectively in an assessment activity. The following assessment strategies should be used:

- Authenticated testimonies from authorized course assessors.
- Case studies
- Demonstration of activities
- Interview.
- Observed performance in practical assessment.
- Multi-choice question examination.
- Verbal and written reports.
- Role play.
- Workplace project.
- Written examination.
- The number of attempts a candidate is allowed to be assessed in the written assessment is ONE. The candidate certified "NOT YET COMPETENT" after the assessment, the candidate must be re-coursed.

4.6 Briefing to Candidate

4.6.1 The briefing to candidate is to explain the purpose and context of assessment so as to ensure that there are no surprises during the conduct of assessment

4.6.2 The briefing to candidate shall include the following:

- The assessment requirements and process, including clear instructions on each of the assessment adopted
- Candidates' rights and the appeal process for assessment outcome
- Brief candidates on the time allocated for the written test and practical assessment
- Brief candidates on the close book written test format
- Brief candidates on the 60% passing mark requirement for written test and 100% passing mark requirement for practical assessment

4.6.3 During the briefing, assessors are to establish any special needs and how such needs will be addressed during the assessment.

4.6.4 Assessor must seek feedback and ascertain candidates' understanding of the assessment requirements before the commencement of the assessment

4.7 Recording and Reporting of Assessment Outcome

4.7.1 All assessment outcomes must be accurately recorded in the assessment summary record form (see **Annex B**).

4.7.2 Assessment outcome will be communicated to the candidate at the end of the assessment.

4.7.3 The TP shall maintain a record of the assessment results for 2 years for audit purposes.

4.8 Issuance of "Safety Pass" and the "Certificate of Successful Completion"

4.8.1 "Safety Pass/Card" is to be issued, in accordance with the format shown in Annex C, to candidate who is assessed "Competent" in this Competency Unit for the SOC.

4.8.2 "Certificate of Successful Completion" is to be issued, in accordance with the format shown in Annex D, to candidate who is assessed "Competent" in this Competency Unit.

4.8.3 The issuance of the "Certificate of Successful Completion" is optional for LSPs/TPs who have already issued the "Safety Pass" to candidate who is assessed "Competent" in this Competency Unit.

CHAPTER 5: ADULT EDUCATOR REQUIREMENTS

A developer / trainer / assessor for this module shall possess all of the following:

5.1 Trainer and Assessor Requirements

A trainer and assessor of this course should possess all the following:

- WSH Co-ordinator with at least 5 years of relevant working experience which includes tunnelling, compressed air works and others
- Medical Doctor with qualification in hyperbaric medicine and 5-year recent experience relating to hyperbaric medicine and compressed air works
- Possess qualifications for BOTH man and medical lock operation and has 5-years recent experience relating to compressed air works; OR
- A diving medic who has undergone the man/medical lock attendant course and with 5-years recent experience in compressed air works
- Advanced Certificate in Training and Assessment (ACTA) or Advanced Certificate in Learning and Performance (ACLP) or Diploma in Adult Continuing Education (DACE) or Diploma in Design and Development of Learning for Performance (DDDLP)

All trainers/adult educators are required to attain 10 hours (minimum) annually by attending Continuing Professional and Development (CPD) courses conducted by appointed training providers. For more details, refer to Train-the Trainer (T³) Programme in WSH Council website (www.wshc.sg)

The trainer for the course is not permitted to be the assessor for the same course learners during the assessment.

S/N	Topics	Facilitator's Requirement		
		Experience	ACTA	WSQ
1	WSH Act and Subsidiary Legislation related to Compressed Air Works	WSH Co-ordinator with at least 5 years of relevant working experience which includes tunnelling, compressed air works and others	6 CUs	Advanced Certificate in WSH (Level B)
2	Compressed Air Illness and Barotrauma	Medical Doctor with qualification in hyperbaric medicine and 5-year recent experience relating to hyperbaric medicine and compressed air works	6 CUs	Advanced Certificate in WSH (Level B)
3	Hyperbaric Physics			
4	Control Measures for CAW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Possess qualifications for BOTH man and medical lock operation and has 5-years recent experience relating to compressed air works; OR A diving medic who has undergone the man/medical lock attendant course and with 5-years recent experience in compresses air works 	6 CUs	Advanced Certificate in WSH (Level B)
5	Chamber Operations I			
6	Chamber Operations II			
7	Oxygen First Aid			

5.2 Developer Requirements

In addition to the requirements for trainer and assessor above, the developer should possess all the following:

- WSQ curriculum developer pedagogic requirement: The developer must have attained a WSQ Advanced Certificate in Training and Assessment (ACTA) or its equivalent. With effect from 1 October 2015, a WSQ Diploma in Adult and Continuing Education (DACE) or Diploma in Design and Development of Learning for Performance (DDDLP) is required;
- WSQ curriculum developer experience: The developer should preferably possess a minimum of one (1) year experience in WSQ-related courseware development; **AND**
- Language proficiency: WPL level 7 or equivalent.

A qualified and experienced developer can work with a Subject Matter Expert with relevant domain qualifications and work experience in developing the courseware.

CHAPTER 6: SUMMARY OF MANDATORY SECTIONS / INFORMATION

This chapter summarises all the mandatory sections and required information, for easy reference. TPs / Adult Educators are expected to note the information indicated in the following Sections and to comply with the stated requirements, where appropriate:

<u>Section</u>	<u>Title</u>
1.5	Recommended Learning Hours (RLH)
1.7	Recommended Class Size and Trainer to Learner Ratio
1.8	Recommended Assessor to Candidate Ratio
3.1	Content Coverage: On percentage of items under Range and Application and Evidence Sources to be covered
3.5	Training Resources
3.6	Training Venue Requirements
4.2	Assessment Advice
4.4	Assessment Plan
5.1	Trainer and Assessor Requirements
5.2	Developer Requirements

CHAPTER 7: RESOURCE INFORMATION

This chapter indicates the various literatures, journals, articles and researched information on the competency unit "Perform Man-Lock Attendant Duties for Compressed Air Work":

- Workplace Safety and Health Act
- WSH (Construction) Regulations
- WSH (General Provisions) Regulations
- WSH (Medical Examinations) Regulations
- WSH (Incident Reporting) Regulations
- WSH (Risk Management) Regulations
- WSH Guidelines on Compressed Air Works – Prevention of Compressed Air Illness and Barotrauma (WSH Council)
- Any other relevant Legislations not included in this list

PART II

WSQ & Supporting Resources

Glossary of Terms

TP	TPs are training organisations accredited under the WSQ to offer training programmes and assessment services leading to WSQ certification
Assessment	A systematic process of collecting evidence and making judgements as to whether an individual has achieved a certain level of competency.
Assessment Criteria and marking scheme	Provides the context and conditions, under which the assessment will be conducted, what evidence the assessor must collect and the grading criteria used.
Assessment method	The process or technique used to gather evidence. (Bresciano & Fackler, 2005)
Assessment plan	A document which outlines when the evaluation will take place and how it will be conducted. An assessment plan includes the "programme mission or course/activity purpose, goals as appropriate, in/ended outcomes, methods for gathering, analysing data, and interpreting data for providing evidence to inform decision making." (Bresciano & Fackler, 2005)
Assessment process	The series of steps which a candidate undertakes within the enrolment, assessment, recording and reporting cycle of assessment.
Assessment tool	An instrument or resource used in association with a given assessment method. It may include a questionnaire, test paper, interview questions, structured report template and record sheet.
Assumed skills and knowledge	Assumed skills and knowledge are what learners ought to have and are assumed to have before they attend the training programme.
Competency	A competency is a measurable set of knowledge, skills and attitudes that drives and individual's performance to perform at his/her job effectively.
Competency category	A competency category refers to broad occupational or industry area or function, competency units (CU) that are inter-related are grouped by competency categories.
Competency elements	A competency element is the sub-division of a CU. Competency elements encompasses performance criteria, underpinning knowledge, range and context as well as evidence sources.
Competency level	The competency level reflects the level of complexity and depth of learning required by the competencies in the standard. It is outlined in the competency standards.
Competency Map (CM)	A document that captures the type of competencies needed in an industry. The competencies are expressed as CU and these are grouped into competency categories and pegged to occupational levels.
Competency Standards (CS)	A competency standard documents expected work performance outcomes, expected level of performance, knowledge that supports the delivery of work performance

	outcomes and work contexts under which the work performance outcomes are to be delivered.
Competency Unit (CU)	A CU describes a particular work role, duty or function, which forms the smallest group of skills, knowledge and abilities set able to be recognized separately for certification. The certification requirements of a CU are detailed in a CS.
Continuing Education and Training (CET)	Continuing Education and Training (CET) refers to educational programmes for adults, usually at the post-secondary level and offered as a part-time or short courses in occupational subject areas. Also see Pre-employment Training (PET).
Certification Body (CB)	A Certification Body (CB) is an organization accredited by the Singapore Accreditation Council (SAC) to assess and certify a WSH Training Provider's compliance to ISO 29993:2017 and MOM/ WSH Council requirements.
Credit	A unit of measure assigned to courses or course of equivalent learning.
Technical Notes (TN)	The TN is a document that provides training and assessment advice to achieve effective training and assessment.
Dimensions of competency	The dimensions of competency cover all aspects of work performance. The five dimensions of competency are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - TASK skills - TASK management skills - Contingency management skills - Job and role management skills - Transfer skills
Evidence sources	The evidence source section in a CS gives examples of tasks, observations, documents etc. that can be used as evidence for assessing the particular competency element or list of performance statements.
Learning outcomes	The work performance that a learner should be able to demonstrate as a result of having undertaken training and/or assessment. It must be measurable, clear and
Performance criteria / statements (PC / PS)	Performance criteria or performance statements refer to the expected work performance or behaviours and expected level of performance to be demonstrated by a competent individual.
Pre-employment Training (PET)	Pre-employment Training (PET) refers to educational programmes that prepare individuals for entry into the workforce. This includes secondary, pre-university, polytechnic and university education.
Qualifications	Qualifications are formal certifications issued by a relevant approved body, in recognition that an individual has achieved learning outcomes identified by the industry.
Range and context	Range and context provides the type of situations under which the performance criteria / statements apply. Range and context cover items that are achievable or to be performed across by competent individuals, such as types of equipment, products and services, types of customers.

Underpinning knowledge	Underpinning knowledge states the knowledge that an individual needs to know and understand in order for him/her to perform competently at work.
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Version Control Record

Version	Amendment Date	Changes	Author	Approved By
1.0	31 Oct 2019	Initial version	SSG-MOM	SSG-MOM
2.0	21 Jan 2022	Update	WSH Council	WSH Council
3.0	1 Sep 2023	Updates	WSH Council	WSH Council

Annex A

Instructional strategy Selection Chart

Instructional Strategy Selection Chart

Instructional Strategy	Cognitive Domain (Bloom, 1956)	Affective Domain (Krathwohl, Bloom, & Masia, 1973)	Psychomotor Domain (Simpson, 1972)
Lecture, reading, audio/visual, demonstration, or guided observations, question and answer period	1. Knowledge	1. Receiving phenomena	1. Perception 2. Set
Discussions, multimedia CBT, Socratic didactic method, reflection. Activities such as surveys, role playing, case studies, fishbowls, etc.	2. Comprehension 3. Application	2. Responding to phenomena	3. Guided response 4. Mechanism
On-the-Job-Training (OJT), practice by doing (some direction or coaching is required), simulated job settings (to include CBT simulations)	4. Analysis	3. Valuing	5. Complex response
Use in real situations. Also may be trained by using several high level activities coupled with OJT.	5. Synthesis	4. Organize values into priorities	6. Adaptation
Normally developed on own (informal learning) through self-study or learning through mistakes, but mentoring and coaching can speed the process.	6. Evaluation	5. Internalizing values	7. Origination

The chart does not cover all possibilities, but most activities should fit in. For example, self-study could fall under reading, audio visual, and/or activities, depending upon the type of program you design.

(Extracted from <http://www.nwlink.com/~donclark/hrd/strategy.html>, accessed 19 Sep 2010)

Annex B

Cross Reference Matrix for WSQ Competency Unit

Cross Reference Matrix for WSQ Competency Unit

CE – PC	UK & Range & Context	Assessment Criteria (State what is expected and required from the candidate)	Assessment Methods			Assessment Instruments/Tools	Reference		
			Oral Questioning	Written Assessment	Practical Performance		Trainer's Guide	Learner's Guide	Slides
CE1 Identify the needs and expectations of customer populations to develop customer profiles.									
PC 1.1	UK	Tell Me (Knowledge)							
Sample Format for reference to develop the Cross Reference Matrix									
Research of the needs and expectations of customers in accordance with the organization's policies and procedures for collecting, accessing and managing customer information.	information on customers; Range & Context Research techniques may include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">interviews;observations;surveys. Research may focus on areas which may include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">individual influences on customer behavior;	<ul style="list-style-type: none">observations;surveys;questionnaires;database analysis;interpreting third party research output; andUse of business excellence tools such as Voice of Customer, Quality Function Deployment (QFD).	X			AA01OQ Q1, Q2	10 - 28	9 - 32	10 - 62

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ <i>social influences on customer behavior; &</i>○ <i>Lifestyle influences on customer behavior.</i> <p>Customers may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ <i>internal or external customers;</i>○ <i>new or repeat customers;</i> <p>Customer information may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ <i>results of customer satisfaction surveys;</i>○ <i>statistical information from].</i> <p>For the purposes of research, customer information might be sorted into discrete groups which may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ <i>individuals;</i>○ <i>businesses;</i>○ <i>households;</i>○ <i>geographically based groups;</i>○ <i>product specific customers; and</i>○ <i>Customer groups characterized by age, gender, cultural factors or purchasing power.</i>	<p>Identify the needs and expectations of your customers.</p> <p>Show Me (Process) Research the demography of your customers by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Focusing on customer behavior.○ Defining your customers○ Sourcing customer information○ Sorting customer information into discrete (demographic) groups <p>Show me (Product) Customer intelligence report identifying the needs and expectations of customer populations.</p>			X	AA01PP R1			
			X		AA05 Q1A				

I. Overview of Assessment for the Competency Unit

Competency unit:

Purpose of assessment

Context of assessment	Details
Organisational requirement	
Operational environment	
Industry requirement	
Legal requirements	

Assessment venue:

Description of candidates: (at least four characteristics)

Special needs of candidates (at least one special need)

Any other special requirements :(at least one special requirement)

Stakeholders in AP development team and their role:

Title	Name	Support in Developing Assessment Plan

Competency Elements	Methods

Method	Duration	Ratio of assessor to candidate	Remarks
Total		--	--

II. Assessment Matrix

Mapping of Assessment Methods with Performance and Knowledge Requirements

Content	Lecture (Hour)	Practical (Hour)	Assessment Mode	Total (Hour)
Lesson No 1				
Theory: UK1. WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to Compressed Air Works			WT	4
Practical: PS1. Interpret WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to Compressed Air Works (CAW) PS2. List the roles and responsibilities of a Man-Lock Attendant and assess the suitability of learners to enter the compressed air (CA) environment			WT	
Lesson No 2				
Theory: UK2. Types of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas			WT/PP	4
Practical: PS3. Identify symptoms of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas			WT/PP	
Lesson No 3				
Theory: UK3. Hyperbaric physics and calculation of air pressure			WT/PP	4
Practical: PS4. Perform calculation of air pressure for compressed air environment			WT/PP	
Lesson No 4				
Theory: UK4. Types of compressed air environment, compression and decompression procedures UK5. Chamber Operations, Elements of fire triangle and the use of fire extinguisher in fire-fighting			WT/PP	19.5
Practical:			WT/PP	

PS5.	Perform compression procedure before entering into compressed air environment				
PS6.	Identify and respond to fire hazards in tunnelling and compressed air environment				
PS7.	Perform decompression procedure before leaving compressed air environment				
Lesson No 5					
Theory:				WT	8.5
UK6.	Lock attendant register and symptoms of decompression illnesses (DCI) and barotraumas				
UK7.	Oxygen first aid procedures			WT/PP	
Practical:				WT	
PS8.	Maintain man-lock attendant register including health declaration form for all compressed air learners and report all learners with symptoms of decompression illnesses (DCI) and barotraumas				
PS9.	Assist in the administration of oxygen first aid			WT/PP	
WRITTEN ASSESSMENT					
Written and Practical Assessment					4
TOTAL (Hours)					44

III. Assessment Specifications for Practical Performance

These instructions concern the practical assessment for the Learner's competency.

Specification Items	Details on Specifications
Learning outcomes	<p>PS3. Identify symptoms of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas</p> <p>PS4. Perform calculation of air pressure for compressed air environment</p> <p>PS5. Perform compression procedure before entering into compressed air environment</p> <p>PS6. Identify and respond to fire hazards in tunnelling and compressed air environment</p>

	<p>PS7. Perform decompression procedure before leaving compressed air environment</p> <p>PS9. Assist in administration of oxygen first aid</p>
Duration	180 minutes
Venue	ATO's premises
Set up	On-site or off-site Approved Man-Lock Chamber

IV. Assessment Specifications for Written Assessment

These instructions concern the written assessment of the Learner's competency.

Specification Items	Details on Specifications
Learning outcomes	<p>PS1. Interpret WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to Compressed Air Works (CAW)</p> <p>PS2. List the roles and responsibilities of a Man-Lock Attendant and assess the suitability of learners to enter the compressed air (CA) environment</p> <p>PS3. Identify symptoms of compressed air illnesses and barotraumas</p> <p>PS4. Perform calculation of air pressure for compressed air environment</p> <p>PS5. Perform compression procedure before entering into compressed air environment</p> <p>PS6. Identify and respond to fire hazards in tunnelling and compressed air environment</p> <p>PS7. Perform decompression procedure before leaving compressed air environment</p> <p>PS8. Maintain lock attendant register including health declaration form for all compressed air learners and report all learners with symptoms of decompression illnesses (DCI) and barotraumas</p> <p>PS9. Assist in the administration of oxygen first aid</p>
Duration	60 minutes
Venue	Classroom
Set up	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Classroom setup for 12 Learners.• Tables and chairs for individual seating• Common clock
Conduct of the Written Test	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Brief learners on the time allocated for the test• Brief learners on the close book test format.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Brief learners on the 60% passing mark requirement
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V. Assessment Record for Practical Performance (PP)

Candidate's Name: _____ End Time : _____

NRIC Number : _____ Start Time : _____

Assessor's Name: _____

PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST				
Performance Statement/Underpinning Knowledge	Assessment Criteria	Tick		Evidence of 'C' and 'NYC' must be recorded
		C	NYC	
<p>UK1. WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to Compressed Air Works (CAW)</p> <p>PS1. Interpret WSH Act and its subsidiary legislations relating to Compressed Air Works (CAW)</p>	<p>Candidate is able to show the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction and history of Compressed Air works (CAW) • Physics and physiology of CAW • CAW Safety and technical issues • Workplace Safety & Health Act • WSH (Construction) Regulations • WSH (Medical Examinations) Regulations • WSH (First Aid) Regulations • WSH (Risk Management) Regulations • WSH (General Provisions) Regulations • WSH (Incident Reporting) Regulations • Roles and responsibilities of a Man-Lock Attendant 			

VI. Assessment Record for Written Assessment

Candidate's Name: _____ End Time : _____

NRIC Number : _____ Start Time : _____

Assessor's Name: _____

KNOWLEDGE CHECKLIST				
Underpinning Knowledge	Assessment Criteria	Tick		Evidence of 'C' and 'NYC' must be recorded
		C	NYC	
UK 1 ...	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sample Questions.....• Suggested Answers...			
UK 2 ...	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sample Questions.....• Suggested Answers...			
UK 3 ...	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sample Questions.....• Suggested Answers...			
UK 4 ...	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sample Questions.....• Suggested Answers...			

VII. SUMMARY ASSESSMENT RECORD

Assessment Centre :		
Competency Unit :		
Candidate Name :		
Candidate NRIC No. :		
Assessor Name :		
Assessment Method :	Practical Performance (PP)	Written Assessment (WA)
Assessment Date :		
Start Time :		
End Time :		

Summary

Performance Statement	Assessment Method		Result
	PP	WA	

This candidate has been assessed as:

- ☐ COMPETENT
- ☐ NOT YET COMPETENT

Assessor signature:_____

Candidate signature:_____

Feedback on outcome by assessor/feedback by candidate:

In the event of “NYC” result:

- ☐ Candidate does not wish to appeal
- ☐ Candidate wishes to appeal

Candidate signature:

VIII. Assessment Tools Required and other Related Documents

- **Other required Assessment Tools for this assessment plan**
e.g. case studies, role play scenarios, written test papers, logistics checklist
- **Pre-Assessment Briefing Checklist**
- **Appeal Process**
- **Version Control Record**

Version	Effective Date	Changes	Author
1.0		New release	

- **Other required Assessment Tools for this assessment plan**
e.g. case studies, role play scenarios, written test papers, logistics checklist

CODE OF PRACTICE FOR ASSESSORS

Assessment specialists have developed an international code of ethics and practice (The National Council for Measurement in Education (NCME)). The Code of Practice below is based on the international standards.

1. The differing needs and requirements of the person(s) being assessed, the local enterprise(s) and/or industry are identified and handled with sensitivity.
2. Potential forms of conflict of interest in the assessment process and/or outcomes are identified and appropriate referrals are made, if necessary.
3. All forms of harassment are avoided throughout the planning, conduct, reviewing and reporting of the assessment outcomes.
4. The rights of the candidates (s) are protected during and after the assessment.
5. Personal or interpersonal factors that are not relevant to the assessment of competency must not influence the assessment outcomes.
6. The candidate(s) is made aware of rights and processes of appeal.
7. Evidence that is gathered during the assessment is verified for validity, reliability, authenticity, sufficiency and currency.
8. Assessment decisions are based on available evidence that can be produced and verified by another assessor.
9. Assessments are conducted within the boundaries of the assessment system policies and procedures.
10. Formal agreement is obtained from both the candidate(s) and the assessor that the assessment was carried out in accordance with agreed procedures.
11. Assessment tools, systems, and procedures are consistent with equal opportunity legislation.
12. The candidate(s) is informed of all assessment reporting processes prior to the assessment.
13. The candidate(s) is informed of all known potential consequences of decisions arising from an assessment, prior to the assessment.
14. Confidentiality is maintained regarding assessment result.

15. Results are only released with the written permission of the candidate(s).
16. The assessment results are used consistently with the purposes explained to the candidate.
17. Self-assessments are periodically conducted to ensure current competencies against the assessment and Workplace Training Competency Standards.
18. Professional development opportunities are identified and sought.
19. Opportunities for networking amongst assessors are created and maintained.
20. Opportunities are created for technical assistance in planning, conducting and reviewing assessment procedures and outcomes.

Annex C

Format of Safety Pass

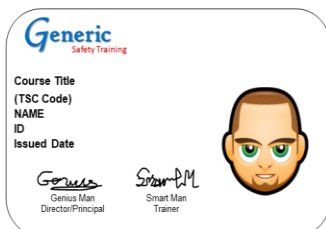
"Safety Pass/Card" is to be issued, in accordance with the format shown in Annex C. Safety Pass and/or Certificate of Course Completion is to be issued, to candidate who is assessed "Competent" in this Competency Unit.

Do note that the reference below is intended only to present the format of the pass, and should not be used as an actual template for direct printing.

Guidelines for the credit card size pass for MOM WSH courses by TPs

3 $\frac{3}{8}$ × 2 $\frac{1}{8}$ inch (85.60 × 53.98 mm)

Front view



Font Type: Arial
Font size (Course title): Recommended 8pt or larger
Font size (Others): Recommended 6pt or larger
Photo size: 3.1cm X 2.4cm

- Pass should contain no less than the information depicted in the guide
- TP may use their own reference format for serial number
- Course Title should be the title as indicated in the WSQ Framework (CS/CTAG). The Technical Skills and Competency (TSC) Code and Title, should also be printed in parentheses () aligned to the title reflected in either the Competency Standards (CS) or TSC. However, it is not required to print the TSC Course name if it is the same as the SC/CTAG title
- ID should be FIN, NRIC Passport Number or any unique official identifier
- Course Venue should reflect address of training centre (not business office, etc) which pass holder attended
- Trainer signature should reflect the trainer that conducted the course

Back view

1. Use of card is governed by terms and conditions of < Name of Training Provider>
2. < Name of Training Providers> is a SkillsFuture Singapore Agency's Training Provider at the date of issuance of the pass
3. This card is not transferrable
4. The course is conducted @ < Course venue>
5. Holder of the card has been certified competent in the < Course Title> on the issued date as indicated in front.
6. This card will expire <xx> years from the date of issue.
7. This card is the property of < Name of Training Provider> and must be returned on request.
8. Card shall be retained if it has been tampered with, misused or replaced.
9. This card is issued by < Name of Training Provider>. If found, please return to < Name of Training Provider> at < Address of < Name of Training Provider> .
10. For enquiries, please contact < Name of Training Provider> . > at < hotline>

Font Type: Arial
Font size : Recommended 6pt or larger

Annex D

Certificate of Successful Completion

"Certificate of Successful Completion" is to be issued, in accordance with the format shown in Annex D. This is in addition to the Statement of Attainment (SOA) issued by SSG for WSQ courses.

3 inch 10pt 20pt 10pt 16pt 12pt 10pt 16pt 10pt 12pt 10pt 10pt 1 inch	<Official Logo/Name of TP> CERTIFICATE OF SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; font-size: 8pt;">Font type: Arial Font size: Recommended as stipulated Header/footer space: Recommended as stipulated</div> <p>is awarded to</p> <p><Name of Trainee></p> <p>< ID ></p> <p>for successful completion of the</p> <p><Course Title></p> <p><TSC Title/Code></p> <p>< Name of TP ></p> <p><small><TP approved by SkillsFuture Singapore></small></p> <p>@ < Training venue></p> <p>from</p> <p><Training Date/s></p> <p>Validity: < x Years from last date of course / NA></p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"><div style="text-align: center;"> Genius Man Director / Principal Training Division <Name of TP> / Company Stamp</div><div style="text-align: center;"> Smart Man Trainer Training Division <Name of TP></div></div> <p><small><Name of T P> UEN: <XXX> <Office Address> Tel: <xxx> Fax: <xxx> Website: <xxx> Email: <xxx></small></p>
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- Certificate should contain no less than the information depicted in the guide
- TP may use their own reference format for serial number
- ID should be FIN, NRIC Passport Number or any unique official identifier
- For TP Course, Course Title should be the corresponding title as indicated in WSQ System Framework(CS/CTAG). The Technical Skills and Competency (TSC) Code and Title should be printed in parentheses () aligned to the title reflected in either the Competency Standards (CS) or TSC. However, it is not required to print the TSC course name if it is the same as the CS/CTAG Title
- Course Venue should reflect address of training centre (not business office, etc) which pass holder attended
- Certificate should indicate that <<Name of TP>> is a Training Provider (TP) approved by SkillsFuture Singapore for <<Course Title of corresponding course>>
- Trainer signature should reflect the trainer that conducted the course
- Management of safety certificate should be in accordance to the requirements under TP scheme